Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



JAPANESE MURSERIES

GENOA, TEXAS . . . 15 MILES SOUTH OF HOUSTON





2623 BROADWAY GALVESTON, TEXAS PHONE 457

Please Observe When Ordering

Use the Order Sheet. Use the Order Sheet enclosed, giving information called for. Its use will save both your time and ours, and will reduce the possibilities of errors in filling your order.

Terms. Cash in full with order. Send Post Office or Express Money Order, Bank Draft, or Personal Check. No order will be sent C.O.D. unless accompanied by one-fourth the amount. No shipping orders will be accepted for less than \$1.00.

Shipping Charges. All transportation charges are to be paid by the purchaser and will be collected at destination, unless arrangements are made to prepay shipment. Our responsibility for goods sold ceases upon their delivery, in good condition, to forwarding companies. Claims for loss or damage must be made upon the latter. We shall, however, gladly assist customers to secure prompt delivery, and in case of delayed freight shipment, we will start a tracer immediately upon request. Every means at our command will be offered to our customers to recover damages or losses that may have happened to the stock during transit. (Note:—Small orders for roses, deciduous fruit trees, and small potted plants may be forwarded by mail.)

Substitution. When out of varieties or sizes ordered, we will substitute with others as nearly similar as possible, unless instructed to the contrary. We never make substitutions on large orders for commercial planting without first consulting the customer.

Packing. We will make no charge ordinarily for packing on retail orders to any points in the United States, Canada, or Mexico. When extra packing is necessary for shipment, a charge will be made only to cover the cost of packing materials.

Guarantee. We guarantee every plant we offer to be true to name; however, it is understood that should any stock prove to be otherwise, the Japanese Nursery Company shall be liable only for the sum paid for the stock which may prove untrue, and not for any greater amount. Where planting is done by us for our patrons under special arrangements, such service will include only a six-months' guarantee for the successful living of the plants, and excepting damage of the plants through flood, drought, freeze, frost, or any other causes beyond our control, we will replace those that were lost with others of equal quality or refund money. We require, however, that the customers follow explicitly our instructions in care of the plants after they have been set out. Such special arrangement must be in writing, signed by both the purchaser and the Japanese Nursery Company.

Claims. Any error that we may make will be gladly rectified by us provided that our customers enter such claims within ten days after the receipt of the goods.

ABBREVIATIONS

In this Catalogue the hardiness of the various items is indicated by capital letters following each name. These letters have the following significance:

TT., Very Tender. Adapted only to South Florida and the lower Rio Grande sections where frost is a rare occurrence.

T., Tender. Hardy only in regions where heavy freezing weather does not occur; temperatures much below freezing are likely to cause damage.

SH., Semi-Hardy. Ordinarily will stand midwinter temperatures of 20 to 25 degrees Fahr.

H., Hardy. Hardy in all parts of the southwestern and southern states. HH., Very Hardy. As a general rule, will stand midwinter temperatures of zero or lower degrees Fahr.

The figures immediately following the capital letters indicate the approximate mature height in feet, except that followed by "Sp." the width of spread is indicated instead of height. These estimates are for trees in their natural habitat, or, in some cases, in Houston and vicinity.

Being at best only approximations, these guides as to hardiness and ultimate size are not guaranteed as either minimums or maximums. These features are inherently variable in every species of tree, and their determination is further complicated by varying conditions; therefore no one can accurately predict them.

Broad-Leaved Evergreen Trees

Camphor Tree

Camphor-Tree (Cinnamomum camphora). SH. 30'. Has dense, glossy, bright green foliage. A rapid grower, well adapted for general planting as shade, avenue, or specimen tree.

	Each	Per 10
12-18 in B&B	. \$1.00	\$ 9.00
2-3 ft. B&B	. 1.35	12.50
3-4 ft. B&B	. 1.75	15.00
4-5 ft. B&B	. 2.50	22.50
5-6 ft. B&B	. 3.00	27.50
Prices on larger specimen on	applie	ation.

Cleyera

Japonica. SH. 8'. A compact-growing, mediumsized evergreen with thick, glossy leaves which turn red before falling. Creamy white flowers in late spring.

Each	Per 10
18-24 in. B&B\$1.50	\$13.50
2-3 ft. B&B 2.25	20.00
3-4 ft. B&B 3.00	27.50
4-5 ft. B&B 4.00 to	5.00 ea.
Prices of larger specimen on applic	ation.

Cotoneaster

Cotoneaster panosa. (Silverleaf Cotoneaster) 10°8′. The leaves are gray green, silvery underneath, white flowers in spring followed by great mass of red berries all through fall and winter. A desert plant but also does well on the coast.

	Each
18-24 in. B&B	\$1.25
2-3 ft. B&B	1.50
4-5 ft. B&B	2.75

Cotoneaster parneyi. 8° 8'. Leaves are larger than other varieties, while bright red berries decorate trees during fall and winter.

			Semi-evergreen	
3-4 ft.	B&B	 	Each \$2.50	

leaves are very thick and hairy underneath.

Berries very large.

]	Each
3-4	ft.	B&B		\$2.50

Elaeagnus

Thorny Elaeagnus (Elaeagnus pungens). H. 10'.

All Elaeagnus are useful and desirable where a spreading shrub is required. They bear creamy yellow, fragrant flowers in winter, followed by red, pendulous fruit about ¼ inch long. This variety has spiny, drooping branches with silvery leaves dotted beneath with brown scales.

Fruitland Elaeagnus. (E. pungens Fruitlandi). H. 8'. Leaves large in both dimensions and silvery beneath.

Bronze Elaeagnus. (E. pungens reflexa). H. 8'. A fine drooping shrub having stems covered with frosty, shiny scales and leaves covered with bronze scales beneath. It has long slender branches and is a heavy bearer of fruit.

Simon Elaeagnus (E. pungens simoni). H. 8'. Leaves are longer than those of the Fruitland variety and are covered with silvery scales beneath.

Prices for 4 Elaeagnus above:

	Each	Per 10
2 2½ ft. B&B	.\$1.50	\$13.50
2½-3 ft. B&B	. 2.00	18.00
3-4 ft. B&B	. 2.50	22.50
4-5 ft. B&B	. 3.00	27.50

ELAEAGNUS—continued

Goldenleaf Elaeagnus (E. pungens maculata). H. 6'. Similar to the species type, but leaves have large, deep yellow blotches in center. A very beautiful shrub. Not many in trade.

			02 00 00 00
$1\frac{1}{2} - 2$	ft. B&B	\$1.50	\$13.50
2-21/2	ft. B&B	$\dots \dots 2.00$	17.50
$2\frac{1}{2} - 3$	ft. B&B	2.50	20.00

Yellow-edge Elaeagnus (E. pungens variegata). H. 6'. Similar to species type but with cream yellow-margined leaves.

Prices same as above.

Eurya

Japonica. SH. 8'. Slow, compact-growing shrub with thick dark green, glossy leaves of highly ornamental value.

	·	Each
$2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	B&B	\$2.00
	В&В	
3-4 ft. B	8&B	3.50

Eugenia

Myrtifolia (Bush Cherry). T. 12-15'. Usually grown as a trained pillar or pyramid to any desired height. Its glossy myrtle-like leaves are bronze in new growth. May be trained as a tub specimen when trimmed.

					Ea c	h
18-24	in.	B&B	or	in	tub\$1.5	0
24-30	in.	B&B	or	in	tub 2.0	0
30-36	in.	В&В	or	in	tub 2.5	0

Euonymus

Euonymus Duc d'Anjou. H. 4'. Leaves are of two shades of green. Slow grower. Immune to diseases common to other kinds.

														acn
15-18	in.	В&В.				٠			 . ,				. \$.50
		В&В.												

Euonymus Golden. H. 5%. Leaves and stems are variegated

			Eac	
2-3	ft.	B&B	 \$1.	50

Spreading Euonymus (Euonymus patens). H. 8'. An evergreen shrub. Has slender procumbent branches with light green foliage. Bears scarlet berries.

				Each	Per 10
2-3	ft.	spread.	В&В	.\$1.00	\$ 8.50
3-4	ft.	spread.	В&В	. 1.50	12.50
4-5	ft.	spread.	В&В	. 2.00	17.50

Winter Creeper (E. radicans acutus). H. 15'. cl. A useful ground-cover or substitute for ivy as it trails or climbs by rootlets. Leaves and stems smaller than the above.

1 1/2 - 2	ft.	spread.	В&В	 \$1.00
			В&В	
			3&B	

Bronzeleaf Winter Creeper (E. radicans coloratus). H. 15'. Spr. Cl. Similar to the above, but its leaves are narrower and undersides have a red hue in winter. A very beautiful creeper.

			1300011
$1\frac{1}{2} - 2$	ft.	spread,	B&B\$1.00
2-21/2	ft.	spread.	B&B 1.25

Upright Japanese Euonymus (E. japonicus erectus). H. 10'. An evergreen shrub with shiny green leaves. Grows well on the coast or in inland valleys.

			Lacii
1½-2 f	t. B&B	 	.\$1.00
$2-2\frac{1}{2}$ f	t. B&B	 	. 1.35
	t. B&B		
	В&В		

Feijoa

Sellowiana (Pineapple Guava). H. 8'. Glossy green leaves with silvery gray, velvety growth beneath. Purplish white flowers with red stamens. Delicious fruit with aroma suggestive of pineapples, strawberries, and bananas. Hardy and easy of culture. Used as ornamental as well as fruit tree.

			Each	Per 10
1-11/2	ft.	B&B	. \$1.00	\$ 7.50
		В&В		12.50
21/2-3	ft.	B&B	. 2.00	17.50
2 21/				

Firethorn

Laland Firethorn (Pyracantha coccinea lalandi). H. 10'. A slender, erect plant, bearing a wealth of bright orange berries which it holds during fall and winter.

		Eac.	II
2-3	ft.	B&B\$1.5	0
3-4	ft.	B&B 2.0	0
4-5	ft.	B&B 2.7	5
5-6	ft.	B&B 3.5	0

Nepal Firethorn (P. crenulata). H. 15'. Tall growing, upright plant suitable for hedge as well as specimen shrub. Orange-red berries. Leaves are long and narrow.

3-4	ft.	B&B\$2.50
4-5	ft.	B&B 3.00
5-6	ft.	B&B 4.00-5.00

Yunnan Firethorn (P. yunnanensis). SH. 15'. Sp. Its leaves and mass of red berries present a very striking aspect in fall and winter. A wide-spreading variety.

		Laci
$1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. sprea	d. B&B	\$1.50
2-3 ft. spread.	B&B	2.25
	B&B	

Formosa Firethorn (P. formosana). T. 8'. Upright in form with unusually narrow leaves. Brilliant red berries in fall and winter.

		Each	Per 10
18-24	in. B&B	. \$1.25	\$11.50
4-5 ft.	B&B	. 2.75	
5-6 ft.	B&B	. 3.50	

Gardenia

Cape Jasmine (Gardenia florida). H. 8'. The best known variety in the South. Large, glossy leaves and big, double, white flowers emitting a heavy fragrance.

	Each	Per 10
1½-2 ft. B&B	.\$1.25	\$11.00
2-2½ ft. B&B	. 1.75	15.00
2½-3 ft. B&B	. 2.00	17.50
3-4 ft. B&B	. 2.50	22.50

Everblooming Cape Jasmine (G. fortunei). H. 8'. Similar in many respects to Veitchi, but leaves and flowers are larger. Blooms all through spring, summer, and fall.

			Each	Per 10
1 ½ - 2	ft.	B&B	. \$1.50	\$12.50
2-21/2	ft.	B&B	. 1.75	15.00
2 1/2 - 3	ft.	B&B	. 2.50	20.00
3-31/2	ft.	B&B	. 3.00	25.00

Creeping Cape Jasmine (G. radicans). SH. 4'. Sp. Beautiful, compact, creeping shrub producing masses of pure white blossoms about 1 inch in size. Has small, glossy leaves. Grows to about 1 foot high. Blooms all through spring and summer.

Variegated Creeping Cape Jasmine. Leaves are variegated with white stripes, otherwise similar to above.

Dwarf Erect Cape Jasmine. (G. stricta nana). H. 3'. Similar to the creeping Cape Jasmine, except that its habit is upright. Desirable

GARDENIA—continued

for borders of medium height. Hardier than Radicans.

Above Three Cape Jasmines—

		Eacn	Per 10
8-10 in.	B&B	.\$.50	\$ 4.00
10-12 in.	B&B	65	5.00
12-15 in.	B&B	85	7.50
15-18 in.	B&B	. 1.25	10.00
18-24 in.	B&B	. 1.75	15.00
24-30 in.	B&B	. 2.25	
Prices on	larger specimen on	applica	tion.

Winter-blooming Cape Jasmine (G. veitchi). T. 5'. A semi-dwarf bush with beautiful, glossy dark green leaves, white flowers. Can be made to bloom all year round in greenhouse.

		Each	Per 10
8-10 in.	B&B	. \$.50	\$ 4.00
10-12 in.	B&B	65	5.00
12-15 in.	B&B	75	6.00
15-18 in.	B&B	. 1.00	7.50
18-24 in.	B&B	. 1.50	10.00

Can furnish these in large quantity.

Golden Berry Cape Jasmine (G. japonica). SH. 6'. Very upright tree. Leaves extremely dark green. Large, single flowers followed by yellow berries about 2 inches long. Makes an atractive ornamental plant in winter.

	Lacn	rer Iv
$1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. B&B	. \$.75	\$ 6.00
2-3 ft. B&B	. 1.25	10.00
3-4 ft. B&B	. 1.50	12.50

Hawthorn - Crataegus

Native Hawthorn-Red Haw. H. 0°. Native tree to Texas. Flowers white in spring, followed by red berries. Tree is thorny and rather dwarf and deciduous.

				Each
2-3	ft.	B/R	 	 \$.50
3-4	ft.	B/R	 	 75
		B/R		

Holly - Ilex

American Holly (Ilex opaca). H. 25'. The hardiest of all broad-leaf evergreens, sometimes referred to as "Christmas Holly." Staminate and pistillate flowers are borne on different trees, as in the case with almost all Hollies.

in a contract of the contract	4
2-3 ft. B/B\$1.0	0
6-8 ft. B/B 3.0	0
8-10 ft. B&B 5.0	0
Add 50 per cent for berry-bearing variety.	
Prices on specimen trees on application.	

English Holly (I. aquifolium). SH. 10'. Dark, glossy, strongly spined leaves on short, spreading branches. Female trees bear large scarlet berries.

		Each
2-3	ft.	B&B\$1.75
3 - 4	ft.	B&B 2.50
4-5	ft.	B&B 3.50
5-6	ft.	R&R 450 to 6.00 ea

Chinese Holly (I. cornuta). H. 18'. Similar to the above, but leaves are darker green and larger. Bushy and compact. Very showy and perfectly at home from Gulf Coast regions to New Jersey.

					Each
$1\frac{1}{2}-2$ ft.	В&В	 	 	 	 .\$1.25
$2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	B&B	 	 	 	 . 1.50
$2\frac{1}{2}-3$ ft.					
3-4 ft. B					

Berry-bearing Chinese Holly (I. cornuta femina). H. 8'. A berry-bearing variety of the above.

Add 50 per cent to the above prices.

EX-

HOLLY - ILE
Hybrid Chinese Holly (I. cornuta hybrida). H. 10'. This differs from the above in that the leaves have only one spine instead of several, as in the regular Holly leaves. The trees we offer are propagated from cuttings of a tree full of berries. They will show berries in time, if not the first year. Each Per 10
12-15 in. B&B. \$.75 \$ 6.00 15-18 in. B&B. 1.00 7.50 18-24 in. B&B. 1.25 10.00 3-3½ ft. B&B with berries. 3.50 3½-4 ft. B&B with berries. 4.50 4-4½ ft. B&B with berries. 5.50 4½-5 ft. B&B with berries. 6.50 5-6 ft. B&B with berries. 7.50
Giant Holly (I. latifolia) H. 18'. Has very large oblong leaves without spines. A choice evergreen with red berries.
Each 1½-2 ft. B&B. \$1.50 2-2½ ft. B&B. 2.00 2½-3 ft. B&B. 2.50 3-4 ft. B&B. 3.00 4-5 ft. B&B. 4.00 5-6 ft. B&B. 5.00 to 6.00 Dahoon Holly (I. cassine). H. 12′. Bright, thin leaves with soft spines. Produces an abundance of red berries. Rather a rare variety grown by only a few nurseries. Prices listed below are for well-berried plants.
Narrow-Leaf Dahoon Holly (I. cassine angustifolia). H. 12'. Leaves are narrow, about 2 to 3 inches long. Bears deep red berries in abundance. One of the best berry-bearing Hollies.
Each 2-2½ ft. B&B with berries. \$1.50 2½-3 ft. B&B with berries. 1.75 3-4 ft. B&B with berries. 2.25 4-5 ft. B&B with berries. 3.00 5-6 ft. B&B with berries. 4.50 6-7 ft. B&B with berries. 5.50 to 7.50 Add 25 per cent for choice specimen.
Myrtleleaf Holly (I. myrtifolia). H. 12'. A variety of the above with much smaller and narrower leaves, resembling Myrtus leaves. Each 5-6 ft. B&B with berries\$4.00 to \$4.50
6-8 ft. B&B with berries 5.00 to 7.50 Ilex integra. H. 25'. Evergreen tree of slow growth. Flowers white followed by red ber-
ries. Native of Japan. 18-24 in. B&B
8-12 in. B&B
12-15 in. B&B well branched.\$.75 \$ 6.00 15-18 in. B&B well branched. 1.00 8.50 18-24 in. B&B well branched. 1.35 12.00 24-30 in. B&B well branched. 1.65 15.00

—continued
STANDARD SHAPED
Each 2-2½ ft. stem. B&B\$2.50 to \$3.00 2½-3 ft. stem. B&B2.50 to 3.00 3-3½ ft. stem. B&B3.50 to 5.00 3½-4 ft. stem. B&B3.50 to 5.00 4-4½ ft. stem. B&B5.50 to 7.00 4½-5 ft. stem. B&B5.50 to 7.00 5-6 ft. stem. B&B7.50 to 10.00
BALL SHAPED
Each 12-15 in. dia. B&B
PYRAMID SHAPED 18-24 in. B&B\$2,25
2-2½ ft. B&B
Hypericum
Hypericum moserianum, Gold Flower. H. 2' spr. Very satisfactory low growing shrub, with beautiful yellow flowers. This is well adapted to our climate in South and differs from those sold under the same name in the North. Each 12-15 in. B&B
Jasmine - Jasminum
Pinwheel Jasmine (Jas. gracillimum) 15°. Lovely Jasmine with white flowers shaped like a little Pin Wheel. Shade or sun.
12-15 in. B&B or in cans\$.50 Italian Jasmine (Jasminum revolutum; J. humile). H. 8'. A hardy, dark green, erect shrub. Bright yellow, star-shaped, fragrant flowers.
Each 2-3 ft. B&B
Each Per 10 15-18 in. spread B&B\$.75 \$ 6.50 18-24 in. spread B&B85 7.50 24-30 in. spread B&B1.00 9.00 30-36 in. spread B&B1.35 3-4 ft. spread B&B1.75 Pink Jasmine (J. Stephanense) 0°. Slender stemmed climber with beautiful pink flowers, deliciously fragrant.
Each 15-18 in. B&B
Qt. containers

Add 50 percent for berry-bearing trees.

application.

24-30 in. B&B well branched. 1.65 15.00 30-36 in. B&B well branched. 2.00 17.50 3-3½ ft. B&B well branched. 2.50 22.50 3½-4 ft. B&B well branched. 3.25 30.00 4-5 ft. B&B well branched. 3.75 35.00 5-6 ft. B&B well branched. \$4.00 to \$5.00 ea.

Special discount for larger quantity upon

JASMINE - JASMINUM—continued

Grand	Duk	e of	Tuscany	Jasmii	ne (J	sambae).
Т.	5'.	Sem	i-climbir	ig shru	ıb wit	th heart-
shap	ed, g	clossy	green	foliage.	Intens	sely frag-
rant.	very	v doi	ible, wh	ite flow	vers	

	.,	 ********	 Each
3 in.	pots	 	 . \$.35

Winter Jasmine (J. nudiflorum). H. 6'. Sp. Although this is a deciduous variety, we list it here with the other Jasmines as it retains

its leaves all year round in the South.
2-2½ ft. spread, B&B.....\$
2½-3 ft. spread, B&B.....\$ 25 per cent off if not balled.

Laurel - Laurus

Grecian Laurel (Laurus nobilis). T. 19'. The true Laurel of history and poetry. Has dark green, glossy, aromatic leaves, yellow flowers.

						Each
2-2½ ft.	В&В					.\$1.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ - 3 ft.	В&В					. 1.50
3-4 ft. B	&B					. 2.00
Prices of	large,	bushy	specia	men	on	appli-
cation.						

Cherry Laurel (Laurocerasus caroliniana). H. 25'. Locally called "Wild Peach." Large, bushy plant with bright green leaves, finely toothed around the edges. Has white flowers followed by black fruit.

				Each	Per 10
$2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	В&В			\$1.50	\$12.50
$2\frac{1}{2}-3$ ft.	В&В			2.00	17.50
3-3½ ft.	В&В			2.25	20.00
$3\frac{1}{2}-4$ ft.	В&В			2.75	25.00
4-5 ft. B					27.50
5-6 ft. B					
6-7 ft. B	&B		\$5.0	0 to \$6.0	00 each
Duigon of	largon	00000	imon on	annlian	tion

specimen English Cherry Laurel (L. officinalis). H. 10'. Large, leathery, dark, glossy leaves. Thrives in sun or partial shade.

		Each
$2 - 2 \frac{1}{2}$	ft.	B&B\$1.00 to \$1.50
2 1/2 - 3	ft.	B&B 1.50 to 1.75
3-3 1/2	ft.	B&B 2.00 to 2.50
3 1/2 - 4	ft.	B&B 2.50 to 3.00

Ligustrum - Privet

Amur River Privet South (Ligustrum sinense). H. 12. The most commonly used he Privet. Almost evergreen in the South. 10 100

1	0 100 1000
12-18 in. N/B well	
branched, 2 yr. old\$.2	5 \$ 2.00 \$ 15.00
18-24 in. N/B well	
branched, 2 yr. old50	0 3.50 25.00
2-3 ft. N/B well	
branched, 2 yr. old7	5 5.50 45.00
3-4 ft. N/B well	
branched, 2 yr old8	5 7.50 65.00
4-5 ft. N/B well	
branched, 3 yr. old 1.50	0 12.50 100.00
5-6 ft. N/B well	
branched, 3 yr. old 2.00	0 17.50 150.00
Seedlings partly branched—	
8-10 in. N/B	\$ 1.00 \$ 8.00
10-15 in, N/B	1.25 10.00
15-18 in. N/B	1.50 13.50
18-24 in. N/B	2.00 17.50
24-36 in. N/B	2.75 25.00
Japanese Privet (L. japonicum). H. 18'. Up-
right and quick-growing pla	nt with large.
broad leaves of rich green. Su	itable for foun-
dation plantings and tall hedg	
1	Each Per 10
1½-2 ft. B&B	
2-3 ft. B&B	3.50
3-4 ft. B&B	50 4.00
4 5 ft D&D	95 750

Prices of larger specimen on request.

7.5013.50

LIGUSTRUM - PRIVET—continued

Yellow-leaf Japan Privet (L. japonicum aureum). SH. 18'. Differs little from the above except that its leaves are golden yellow.

		Eaci	Ш
4-5	ft.	${f B\&B}\ldots\ldots {f \$1.24}$	5
5-6	ft.	B&B 1.50	()

Painted Ligustrum (L. pictum; L. excelsum superbum). SH. 12'. Similar in form to Japanese Privet but leaves are beautifully variegated with yellow and pale green.

										E	ach
15-18	in.	B&1	В.,	 		 				. \$.75
2-21/2	ft.	B&1	В.,	 		 					1.25
3-4 ft	. В	&B.				 					1.75
4-5 ft	. в	&B.				 					2.50
5-6 ft	. B	&B.									3 25

Waxleaf Privet (L. lucidum compactum). H. 8'. Variously called by trade, Ligustrum lucidum, Griffing's Waxleaf, Compact Waxleaf, etc. It is the handsomest Privet ever grown. Introduced by the Japanese Nursery in 1912. A vigorous grower, easy of culture, with thick, dark green, waxy leaves. Compact in form. Indispensable as foundation plants and as individual specimen. Hardy as far north as Baltimore, Maryland. Grown in shade or sun.

	Each	Per 10
15-18 in. B&B	.\$.55	\$ 5.00
18-24 in. B&B	85	8.00
2-2½ ft. B&B	. 1.25	10.00
2½-3 ft. B&B	. 1.75	15.00
3-3½ ft. B&B	. 2.00	17.50
3½-4 ft. B&B	. 3.00	27.50
70 t	14 -	- 4 2

Prices of larger specimen on application.

Crinkly Waxleaf Privet (L. lucidum recurvifolium; L. lucidum repandum). H. 8'. Differs from Waxleaf Privet in having a wavy or twisted leaf, as the name indicates. Of upright growth, with slender branches.
Prices same as Wax Ligustrum above, but

we have only up to 3-3 1/2 ft. size.

Pyramidal Waxleaf Privet (L. lucidum pyramidalis). H. 12'. A horticultural form of Waxleaf Privet that grows upright and does not spread like other varieties.

Each	Per 10
1½-2 ft. B&B\$.50	\$ 4.00
2-3 ft. B&B	7.50
3-4 ft. B&B 1.25	10.00
4-5 ft R&R 1.75	

Graceful Privet (L. lucidum gracilis). H. 15'. Leaves of this variety are narrower and more pointed than any of the preceding. Branches are gracefully arched.

	Each
5-6 ft.	B&B\$2.50
	B&B 3.50
Prices	of larger sizes on application.

Lowdense Privet (L. ovalifolium nanum pactum). H. 3'. A dwarf form of California Privet. Dark green foliage which changes to

a coppery purple after frost.\$.50 \$ 4.50 18-24 in. B&B..... Prices 50 per cent less for bare root plants.

Weeping Quihoui Privet. H. 6'. Its branches arch and droop, giving a graceful effect. Makes a very dense hedge.

			Eaci	ı
2-3	ft.	sheared,	B&B\$.75	5
3-4	ft.	sheared,	B&B 1.00)

Weeping Chinese Privet. 5 Sp. Similar to Amur River Privet South, but it has graceful drooping branches.

													E	acn
3-4	ft.	в&в.	 ٠	 		 ٠		٠	٠		٠			\$.50
4-5	ft.	в&в		 		 ٠	٠.							.75

"Baby Doll" Privet (L. sinense nana compacta). H. 4'. A new dwarf variety of Amur River

LIGUSTRUM - PRIVET—continued

Privet South which has very small leaves and may be trimmed to a low, compact hedge.

10	100	1000
8-10 in. N/B bushy\$.60	\$5.00	\$40.00
10-12 in. N/B bushy75	6.00	50.00
12-18 in. N/B bushy85	7.00	60.00
18-24 in. N/B bushy 1.00	8.50	
2-3 ft. B/B bushy50c ea		
3-4 ft. B/B bushy75c ea	•	

Loquat - Eriobotrya japonica (S. H. 15')

An evergreen tree known as "Japan Plum." Bears sweet-scented, white-panicled flowers in autumn, followed by fruit in the spring. Fruit may be eaten fresh or used for making jams, jellies.

Advance. Grafted on hardy quince stock. One of the best Loquats for general use. Large, deep yellow fruit in big clusters. Ripens March to June.

	Eacn
2-3 ft. B&B	
3-4 ft. B&B	2.25
4-5 ft. B&B	
5-6 ft. B&B	4.00
Seedling—	
1½-2 ft. B&B	\$1.00
$2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. B&B	1.50
2½-3 ft. B&B	1.75
3-4 ft. B&B	2.00

Magnolia

Southern Magnolia (Magnolia grandiflora). H. 40'. The stateliest and grandest broad-leaved evergreen of the Southern forest, famous for its huge, white, fragrant flowers and beautiful, broad, glossy leaves. Suitable for specimen lawn planting or for avenue planting. Thrives in rich soil in shade or sun.

		Each	Per 10
2-3 ft.	B&B	.\$1.50	\$12.50
3-4 ft.	B&B	. 2.00	16.50
4-5 ft.	B&B	. 2.75	25.00
5-6 ft.	B&B	. 3.75	35.00
6-7 ft.	B&B	. 4.75	45.00
7-8 ft.	B&B	. 6.00	55.00
Prices	of larger specimen on	applicat	ion.

For deciduous Magnelias, see under "Flowering Shrubs.

Swamp Magnolia or Sweet Bay. Magnolia glauca or Magnolia virginiana. H. 20'. Semievergreen in the South. Leaves glaucous-gray beneath. Medium size flowers 3 in. across. Very fragrant. Grows in swampy soil.

				Each
3-4 ft.	в&в			\$2.00
4-5 ft.	в&в			2.75
5-6 ft.	в&в			3.50
Prices	of larger	specimen	on applies	ation.

Mahonia

Oregon Grape (Mahonia aquifolium). H. 5'. Dark lustrous, holly-like leaves, bright coppery red in spring and fall. Dense clusters of yellow flowers in spring followed by clusters of purplish berries.

											Bacn	
15-18	in.	B&B		 	 						\$1.50	
18-24												
7 N N	c w	w 11	30.	 . •	13	,		,		3.6		

Leatherleaf Holly Mahonia (M. bealei; M. japonica). H. 6'. Large, thick, leathery leaves of grayish color. A rare and choice ornamental shrub for shade.

]	Each
12-15	in.	B&B	\$1.25
15-18	in.	B&B	1.50
18-24	in.	В&В	2.00

MAHONIA—continued

Agerita (M. trifoliata; Berberis trifoliata). II. 8'. A native shrub of southwestern Texas valued for its profusion of yellow flowers, its edible, ornate fruit, and its leaves of distinct form and color. Thrives best in dry places.

Swasey Agerita (M. swaseyi; Berberis swaseyi). H. 4'. Native to arid sections. Valued for its thin, dainty leaves, and its brilliant red berries that persist for several weeks.

Above 2	Ma	ahonia	s—								Each
15-18	in.	в&в.				٠					\$1.25
18-24	in.	в&в.									1.50
24-30	in.	в&В.									1.75
30-36	in.	в&в.									2.25
Price	of	larger	spec	ime	n	on	an	pli	ca	tio	n.

Myrtus - Roman Myrtle

True Myrtle (Myrtus communis). SH. 8'. This variety and others listed have highly aromatic, glossy green leaves. Flowers are fragrant, white, and nearly an inch across. Bears bluish black fruit.

)				Each
	2-3	ft.	B&B	.\$.75
	3-4	ft.	B&B	. 1.25
	4-5	ft.	B&B	. 2.00

Dwarf Compact Myrtle (M. communis compacta). SH. 4'. Differs from Rosemary Myrtle only in being dwarfish and compact.

			Each	Per 10
12-18	i11.	B&B	\$.75	\$ 6.50
18-24	in.	В&В	1.00	8.50
24-30	in	R&R	1.50	13.50

Variegated Myrtle. T. 4'. Leaves are beautifully variegated green and white. Otherwise similar to True Myrtle, but not so large. Shapes well. Makes a fine low evergreen hedge.

				Each
12-15	in.	spread.	B&B	. \$1.00

Nandina

Nandina (Nandina domestica). H. 6'. A beautiful shrub from Japan with numerous, upright, reed-like stems springing from the same root. Leaves are rich red when young, dark green at maturity, and assume a coppery red hue in winter. Produces clusters of red berries in winter. Each

			3360011	T CI IO
12-15	ìn.	B&B	\$.85	\$ 7.50
15-18	in.	B&B	1.00	8.50
18-24	in.	B&B	1.50	13.50
24-30	in.	B&B	2.00	17.50
30-36	in.	B&B	2.50	20.00

Natal Plum

Natal Plum (Carisa grandiflora). T. 6'. Leaves thick, grassy green. Flowers very fragrant, followed by brilliant scarlet fruit about the size of a date, which are edible.
10-15 in., in gal. cans, each....\$0.75

Sweet Olive - Osmanthus

Sweet Olive (Osmanthus fragrans). SH. 10'. Upright, bushy plant with glossy dark green foliage and small clusters of exquisitely sweet-scented flowers. Prefers sun near the coast and shade inland.

	Each
4 in. pot	\$.75
1½-2 ft. B&B	1.50
2-3 ft. B&B	2.00

American Sweet Olive (O. americana). H. 15'. A fast-growing shrub with leaves about 3 inches long. Produces fragrant white flowers in late fall.

		Each	l
2-3	ft.	B&B\$1.00)
		B&B	
9-4	I L.	D&D	7

Oleander - Nerium

Well-known evergreen flowering shrub of the South. Has many upright stems with handsome slender leaves and an abundance of single or double flowers in a choice variety of shades. The white and yellow are hardiest, standing temperatures as low as 25 degrees. Will send up new growth if tops are frozen.

Single-Flowering Varieties: White, Pink, very Light Pink, beautiful Cerise.

Double and Semi-Double Varieties: White, Pink with White Stripes, Dark Red, Yellow.

E8	ıcn
1½-2 ft. B&B\$.85
2-3 ft. B&B 1	.00
3-4 ft. B&B 1	.50
Prices of larger specimen on application.	

Double Shell-Pink.

					Lacii
15-18	in.	В&В	or	in	cans\$.75
18-24	in.	B&B	or	in	cans 1.00

Persea - Red Bay

Red Bay or Bull Bay (Persea borbanica). H. 25'. A native evergreen tree with large yellowish green leaves which have the spiciness of bay leaves.

			Each
4-5	ft.	B&B	\$2.00

Photinia

Low Photinia (Photinia serrulata). H. 12'. Handsome, hardy evergreen with thick, leathery leaves, sharply toothed, red during the fall and winter. Great heads of white flowers in spring, followed by red berries.

Each
18-24 in. B&B\$1.00
2-3 ft. B&B 1.75
3-4 ft. B&B 2.50
Prices of larger specimen on application

Red-Leaved Photinia (P. glabra). Conspicuous red leaves on new growth. Very attractive among other evergreens during growing season. Should be clipped often to induce new growth.

18-24 in.	B&B	\$1.25
24-30 in.	B&B	1.50
	B&B	
	&B	

Pittosporum

Pottosporum Tobira. SH. 10'. Leaves of lustrous green, forming dense, globular heads which can be pruned. Bears white, fragrant flowers.

	Each	Per 10
15-18 in. B&B	\$1.25	\$11.50
18-24 in. B&B		12.50
24-30 in. B&B		15.00
30-36 in. B&B		
3-4 ft. B&B		
4-4½ ft. B&B	4.50	

White-Spot Pittosporum. (P. tobira variegatum). SH. 10'. A form of the above with leaves beautifully variegated in green and white.

		Each	Per 10
12-15 i	n. B&B	\$1.25	\$11.50
15-18 i	n. B&B	1.50	12.50
18-24 i	n. B&B	2.00	
24-30 i	n. B&B	2.50	

Plumbago (Leadwort)

Plumbago cape	ensis. T. 3'	. A semi-dwarf	climbing
shrub, really	interme	diate between	perennial
and shrub.	Blue and	White.	

Qt. container\$.35
Gal. container	.50
Medium B&B\$1.00 to \$3	1.25
Large B&B 1.50 to	2.00

Pink Plumbago. Plumbago Rosea or Indica. SH. 5'. Partially climbing; flowers purplish red and much larger than the above. Very beautiful pot plants blooming in winter in greenhouse, outside in spring and fall.

				Ea	ach
3	in.	pots	with	buds\$.50
4	in.	pots	with	buds	.75

Raphiolepis, Evergreen Hawthorn

Raphiolepis Delacouri. Yeddo-Hawthorn hybrid. 5'. An evergreen shrub with leathery shining leaves. Pink flowers—fragrant, followed by purple fruit. Hardy here.

		Eac	:11
12-15	in.	B&B\$.7	75
15-18	in.	B&B 1.2	25

Indian Hawthorn (Raphiolepis indica). H. 5'.
Long, blunty toothed, oblong leaves. Bears
fragrant, pink flowers in loose, glabrous panicles, followed by purplish berries.

		<u> </u>	
12-15	in.	B&B\$1.00	
15-18	in.	B&B1.50	

Raphiolepis ovata (R. umbellata or R. Japonica). H. 5'. Flowers pinkish white, ½ in. across. Fragrant.

											\mathbf{E}_{i}	ael	h
12-15	in.	В&В.									 . \$.7	5

Rosemary

Rosemary (Rosmarinus officinalis). H. 4'. A low-growing shrub, native of southern Europe. Has light gray leaves and pale blue flowers.

				E	lach
12-15	in	В/В	 • • • • •	 \$.50

Rubber Tree - Ficus

Small-leaf Rubber Plant (Figure 1981). Attractive upright tree used for ornamental purposes in house.

														Each
Gal.	conta	iner	s.			٠					. \$.75	to	\$1.00
8-10	in. p	ots.	٠.				٠.				•	1.50	to	3.50

Indian Rubber Tree (F. elastica). One of the best house plants. In pots or tubs. \$1.00 to \$10.00 each.

Fiddle-leaf Rubber Tree (F. pandurata). A showy tree with distinctly fiddle-shaped leaves about 1 ft. long.
In pots, \$1.00 to \$3.00 each.

Lofty Rubber Tree (F. altissima). Has large, shiny leaves. Suitable as house-plant. In pots or tubs, \$1.00 to \$4.00 each.

Sophora

Texas Mountain Laurel (Sophora secundiflora). H. 10'. A small shrub with violet-blue, fragrant flowers. Green glossy leaves.

									Ea	ich.
15-18	in.	в&В.	 	 	 		 		\$1	.00

Viburnum

					in North,
					y. Flowers
pinkish	white de	liciou	sly	fragrant.	Rare plant.
24-30	in. B&B	or ir	ı be	ox\$2.	50 to \$3.00

Sweet Viburnum (Viburnum odoratissimum). SH. 10'. Leaves are shiny green. Flowers are similar to Laurestinus. Red fruit which finally turns black. Does not bloom when young.

													_	_	
]	\mathbb{E} a	ch
15-18	in.	B&I	3									٠		\$.	75
18-24	in.	B&I	3											1.	25
4-5 ft	. В&	ъВ								٠				4.	50
5-6 ft.	. В&	ъВ												6.	00
	1	7:1			- 74. 7						,	,	war i	r	0.

Sandankwa Viburnum (V. suspensum). SH. 6'. Branches and flowers of this Viburnum are

drooping. Produces clusters of sweet-scented, pinkish white flowers in very early spring.

		E8	ich
12-15	in.	B&B\$.75
15-18	in.	B&B 1	.00
18-24	in.	B&B 1	.50
24-30	in.	B&B 2	0.0

Viburnum Tinus (Laurus tinus). SH. 8'. Evergreen in South. Flowers white after bloom, pink in buds.

		H.	ach
15-18	in.	B&B\$.75
18-24	in.	В&В	1.00
24-30	in.	B&B	1.50
30-36	in.	B&B	2.00

Flowering Shrubs

Evergreen and Deciduous

Abelia

Glossy Abelia (Abelia grandiflora) H. 6'. Small shining green leaves on graceful red branches; clusters of pinkish white, fragrant flowers in abundance throughout summer.

	Each :	Per 10
1-1½ ft. B&B	3.75	\$
2-2½ ft. B&B	1.25	10.00
2½-3 ft. B&B	1.50	12.50
3-4 ft. B&B	2.00	17.50
4-5 ft. B&B	2.50	
belia Triflora (Indian abelia).		Deli-

Abelia Triflora (Indian abelia). 0° 10'. Delicately scented Abelia from the Himalaya. Large rosy flowers.

							Lacn
10-12	in.	В&В.	 	 • • •	 	٠.	 .\$1.00

Acacia

Sweet Acacia (Acacia farnesiana; Huisache). H. 12'. A thorny shrub with mimosa-like leaves and yellow balls of very fragrant blooms in spring.

			Each-
4-5	ft.	B&B	\$1.25
9 - 0	II.	B&B	-1.75

Althea - Rose of Sharon

This is one of the hardiest and most widely adapted of all flowering shrubs. It requires little water and blooms freely all summer long. Althea may be grown in tree or bush form and kept from 5 to 8 feet tall by pruning.

Totus Albus. Single; snowy white.

Jeanne d'Arc. Double; pure white.

Single White with Red Throat.

Amplissima. Double red.

Duchesse de Brabant. Double; dark red.

Lady Stanley. Pink and white, variegated; double.

Single Purple.

Double Purple, Red Throat.

Double Pink,

Each	Per 10
3-4 ft. bare roots\$.50	\$ 4.50
4-5 ft. bare roots	6.50
5-6 ft. bare root 1.00	8.50
Add 50 per cent for balled trees.	

Azaleas

Azalea indica

Large, double or single flowers which sometimes measure 4 inches across. Some varieties are dwarf while others grow rapidly into large shrubs.

Alba. Rather upright, hardy grower, with dull-colored, hairy leaves. Pure white flowers in midseason.

Pink Elegans. Fast and rather upright grower with light-colored pink flowers early in the season.

Formosa. Very fast grower with large dark leaves and big purplish pink flowers. Very hardy and best garden variety.

Macrantha. Orange - red. Evergreen narrow leaves and orange-red flowers late in season. May to June.

Macrantha. Double flowering. Same as above with double salmon-red flowers. May to June.

Phoenicea. Hardy, fast growing, with mediumsized leaves and flowers of purplish pink. Looks very nice with white flowers. Very similar to Formosa.

Pride of Mobile. This Azalea was formerly known as "Watermelon Pink." Very hardy, fast grower, with beautiful pink flowers. Profuse bloomer.

Salmon. Very hardy, midseason bloomer, with pleasing, salmon-colored, medium-sized flowers.

William Bull. Very hardy, upright grower. Exceptionally double orange-red flowers that will last a long time. One of the best.

All	Indica Azaleas—	Each
	1½-2 ft. spread, with	
	buds, B&B\$2.25 te	$0 \ 2.75$
	2-2½ ft. spread, with	
	buds, B&B 3.00 t	o 3.50
	Prices of larger quantities and sizes	on ap-
	plication.	

Kurume Azalea

(Obtusa japonica). H. 4'

- Plants are compact and free flowering, the brilliantly colored flowers completely obscuring the foliage of the plant. Blooms in spring. Will thrive anywhere in Texas except in warmest sections.
- Christmas Cheer. Small, deepest crimson, very attractive flowers. Compact grower small shiny leaves. Very good variety. Compact grower
- Coral Bells. Compact grower with small, round, glossy leaves. Little dainty, bell-shaped pink flowers in profusion.
- Hinodegiri. Slow, compact grower. Fiery red flowers literally smother the entire plant even when very small. Desirable for pot plants.
- Peach Blow. Fast growing, with delicate peach flowers.
- Pink Pearl. Large, beautiful salmon-rose blooms, shaded lighter toward center, with prominent markings, borne in big cluster.
- Salmon Beauty. Large, hose-in-hose, salmonpink flowers and light green foliage.
- Snow. A favorite. Purest white, good-sized, hose-in-hose flowers and beautiful glossy leaves.

				Each
8-10 in.	with buds,	B&B	.\$.75 to	\$1.00
		в&в		
		, в&в		

Amoena Azalea (Amoena) HH. 5' Sp. Small leaves which assume a bronze tinge in the Of compact, twiggy habit. Hardy as far north as Massachusetts. Flowers are a rosy purple.

KURUME - AZALEA—continued

Banana Shrub

Michelia fuscata; Magnolia fuscata. SH. 10'. An evergreen, dwarf bush with glossy dark green leaves about the size of waxleaf privet. Prices of larger specimen on request.

Barbados Cherry

Malphighia glabra. T. 3'. A fine dwarf shrub with small leaves and an abundance of small, pink, fragrant flowers, followed by red fruit about half an inch in diameter. If top freezes, comes up again in spring. Fast grower.

		Each	Per 10
15-18 in.	В&В	. \$.75	\$ 6.50
18-24 in.	В&В	1.00	9.00
	R&R		

Bottle-brush

Callistemon rigidum. SH. 8'. Rapid growing; hardy in frostless regions; thrives in alkalai soil. Has long, bright-red anthers which form a cylindrical flower resembling a bottle-brush in shape. In 8 in. pots, \$2.00 each.

Camellias

Camellia japonica. II. 20'. A handsome evergreen shrub of compact form, with rich, glossy, dark green leaves. The exquisite, perfectly moulded, waxy flower is beautifully tinted and never fails to draw constant admiration, when it unfolds in midwinter. It miration when it unfolds in midwinter. It thrives best in a semi-acid soil and should have some protection from the sun in midsummer, especially while young.

Class A—Very rare and unusual kinds.

Alba Pleno. Snow white, very double, good size flower. Blooms early but is a dwarf grower.

Chandleri elegans. One of the largest peonyflowering Camellias. Cherry-red with white variegation. Some are thick, peony-form flowers with 500 petals but others are loose peony form with yellow stamens.

Elizabeth. Very double white sort with petals crinkled at end, and, once in a great while, pure pink flowers of same form will appear. Thick, dark green foliage. Strong grower. One of the best.

Enrico Bettoni. Very fast grower making great deal of summer growth. Flowers are clear light pink and very large. Form varies from semi-double to peony form on same bush.

Herme. Very large, loose, peony-form flower of elegant shape, pink and red variegated with white margin and has faint scent. One of

Monarch. Deep pink flower of enormous size, having many clusters of stamens and petals inside of larger outer petals, making a single flower equal to a bouquet. Beautiful foliage and a compact grower.

Mrs. Abby Wilder. Peony-shaped white flowers of medium to large size, with tiny splashes of pink. Compact and good grower.

Pink Perfection. Very double, clear shell-pink flowers of dainty form are borne when the plants are very young, Blooms early and continues for a long time.

Prof. C. S. Sargent. Peony form, solid crimson, of medium size. A very early bloomer.

Semi-Double Blush. Delicate flesh-color, beautiful yellow stamens. Noble and simple in form and color.

All Class A Camellias-

Each 2-2½ ft. B&B or boxed....\$ 6.00 to \$ 7.00 2½-3 ft. B&B or boxed..... 8.00 to 10.00 3-3½ ft. B&B or boxed...... 12.00 to 14.00 3½-4 ft. B&B or boxed...... 15.00 to 17.50 Prices of larger sizes on application.

Class B-Most popular kinds.

Brown's Red. Darkest Red Camellia of semi-double form; pointed dark green leaves.

Cheerful. Double, clear, bright cherry-red blooms of medium size with pointed center and cupped petals.

Comte de Gomer. Double creamy petals dotted with numerous pink spots. Compact but slow grower; blooms early.

Enchantress. Very profuse bloomer. Flowers rosy pink, peony form. One of the very fast and hardy growers but does not bloom young.

Gloire de Nantes. Large, semi-double, cerise blooms with center petals often twisting. The very large dark green leaves and big bold flowers make this one of the most attractive camellias.

Jarvis Red. Deep-blood red, semi-double flowers with golden stamens. A very attractive flower with an abundance of dark green foliage. Popular.

CAMELLIAS—continued

Kellintonia,	An	open,	peo	ny-ty	pe	flower	of
orange-rec	l with	stripe	s or	blot	ches	of wh	nite.
Always b	looms	profus	sely	and	has	good	fo-
liage.							

- Mathotiana alba. Good-size, very double, white flowers and large, light-colored leaves. Blooms late in season.
- Napoleon D'Italie. Double rose-red with very dark, almost black stripes. Compact and good
- Nobilissima. Early white petals intermixed with
- stamens. Good bloomer and grower.

 Prince Eugene Napoleon (Pope Pius IX). Good compact grower with very double scarlet flowers during early mid-season.
- Rev. John Bennett. Orange-red, semi-double flowers of good size, often having stamens twisted with petals. Rather small, roundish, dark green foliage. Very compact but good
- Rose Emry. Crimson peony form. Blooms early in season.
- Rosita. Very double, small-petaled, bright rosepink blooms. A vigorous grower and the latest to bloom in the winter.
- Single Red No. 1. Large, single red with extra large foliage.
- Tanner Williams Red. Semi-double orange-red with prominent stamens. Compact grower and profuse bloomer.
- T. K. Variegated. Semi-double, light pink blooms with darker pink margins, of elegant form and coloring, with large clusters of yellow stamens, Small leaves, Compact but fast grower.

All Class B Camellias-

						Each
$2 - 2\frac{1}{2}$	ft.	B&B	01	boxed\$	4.00 t	o \$ 6.00
2 1/2 - 3	ft.	B&B	or	boxed	6.00 t	o 8.00
3-31/2	ft.	B&B	or	boxed	9.00 t	0 - 12.00
$3\frac{1}{2}-4$	ft.	В&В	or	boxed	12.00 t	o 15.00
Prices	011	large	r si	zes on appli	ication	١.

Class C Camellias-

Lily. Double white flowers of medium size. fast grower. Sarah Frost. Double rose-red flowers. Very good, compact grower.

All Class C Camellias—

2-21/2	ft.	B&B	or	boxed	3.50	to	\$	5.00
2 1/2 - 3	ft.	B&B	or	boxed	5.00	to		6.50
3-3 1/2	ft.	B&B	or	boxed	7.00	to		9.00
3 1/2 - 4	ft.	B&B	or	boxed	10.00	to	1	2.00
Prices	on	largei	· si:	zes on ann	licatio	m		

Camellia sasanqua. H. 15'. Freer grower than Standard Camellia and blooms in early win-Flowers are generally single but occasionally semi-double or double.

or	willte.	Single	pmk	or w	nite	nowers.
ft.	В&В.					\$1.50
ft.	В&В.					2.50
ft.	В&В.					3.50
ft.	B&B	or box	ed		.4.00	to 5.00
·ge	specin	ien Ca	mellia	s 5'	to 2	0' high.
ces	on req	uest. Y	our in	spect	ion i	nvited.
	ft. ft. ft. ft.	ft. B&B. ft. B&B. ft. B&B. ft. B&B	ft. B&B ft. B&B ft. B&B ft. B&B or boxe ge specimen Ca	ft. B&B	ft. B&B	ft. B&B

Boxwood - Boxus

English Box (Boxus sempervirens). H. 8'. A very slow-growing plant with dark green, shiny leaves. Largely used for shearing into formal shapes and for hedges.

1½-2 ft unsheared, B&B	\$.50
2-3 ft. unsheared, B&B	.75
3-4 ft unsheared, B&B	1.00
2-3 ft. sheared, B&B	
3-4 ft. sheared, B&B	

BOXWOOD - BOXUS—continued

Holland Boxwood.
6-8 in. B&B\$,35
8-12 in. B&B
12-18 in. B&B
Japanese Boxwood (B. Japonica). SH. 4'. Of
compact growth; suitable for use as trimmed
specimen, for porch and garden decoration, or
as a low hedge.
6-8 in. B&B\$.25
8-10 in. B&B
10-12 in. B&B
15-18 in. B&B
18-24 in. B&B
/ D

Butterfly Bush - Buddleia

Lindley	Butterfly	Bush	(Buddl	eia lin	dleyana).
H. 5'.	Arching	branc	hes wi	th sm	all, dark
green,	glossy le	aves. I	Blooms	entire	summer,
when	it is cover	ed witl	n 8 incl	h spike	s of dark
purple	e flowers. I	Full su	n.		

2-3	ft.,	bushy,	B&B\$	50
				75

Ile de France. H. 4' Large spikes of fragrant rosy purple flowers; 6 to 12 inches long. Thrives in full sun.

2-21/2	ft.	B&B.	۰			٠						٠		٠	\$.7	5	
2 1/2 - 3	ft.	В&В.			٠								٠		1	L.0	0	

Ox-eye Butterfly Bush (B. davidi magnifica). 8'. Flowers are purple and very fragrant. Blooms all through summer. A good garden variety. Sun.

2-3	ft.	В&В		 ٠.	.\$.50
3 - 4	ft.	В&В		 		.75
4 - 5	ft.	B&B		 		1.25

Barberry - Berberis

Agarita (Berberis trifoliata). See Mahonia trifoliata.

Swasey Barberry (B. swaseyi). See Mahonia swaseyi.

Redleaf Japanese Barberry (B. thunbergi atropurpurea). H. 4'. Has brilliant bronzy red leaves. Semi-deciduous and very hardy.

12-15	in.	в&в									\$.3	5
15-18	in.	В&В									.5	0
18-24	in.	в&в									.7	5
		В&В										

Korean Barberry. Deciduous red leaves in win-

3-4 ft. N/B.....\$.35

Sargent Barberry (Berberis sargentiana). Evergreen barberry.

2-3 ft. B&B.....\$.75 3-4 ft. B&B...... 1.00

Bauhinia

Purple Bauhinia (Bauhinia purpurea). A very showy small tree with broadly lobed leaves. Flowers are purple or white, with long narrow petals.

In gal. containers only.....\$.75 to \$1.00

Bird-of-Paradise

Caesalpinia gilliesi. SH. 10'. Shrub having feathery, compound leaves and clusters of yellow flowers with long rose-colored stamens. Blooms about 5 months of the year.

Crape Myrtle

Crape Myrtle (Lagerstromia indica). H. 20'. The great panicles of crimped flowers which

CRAPE MYRTLE—continued

flaunt a riot of color from early summer to late fall never fail to draw admiration. A universal favorite. We offer a variety of colors: Indica rosea, pastel pink; Red, a rich watermelon-red; White, snow-white tufts of flowers. Purple, rich lavender purple.

Each
$1\frac{1}{2}$ -2 ft. bare roots\$.35
2-3 ft. bare roots
3-4 ft. bare roots
4-5 ft. bare roots
5-6 ft. bare roots
6-7 ft. bare roots\$1.00 to 1.50
If balled add 50%.
We have White Crape Myrtle trained in
standard tree form, with stems 8-10 ft.
high. They are excellent for avenue plant-
ing or along cement walks, etc. \$2.50 to
40 50

\$3.50 each, B&B. Dwarf Lavender and Dwarf Red. These are by nature spreading and do not grow higher than 5 ft.

	Eacl	ì
2-3 ft.	N/B\$.60)
	N/B	
	N/B 1.00	
	d add 50%.	

Light Pink with White Fringe. Very delicate color.

	ac	-	-																								
0.0	1.0	2																			R.	/	N	ft.	5	4 -	4
50	1.														,			 	٠		В.	/	N	Ĕt.	7	6-	- 6
-	1.		٠	•		•	٠	•	•	•	•	•		, ,			•							ft. ille			

Queen of Crape Myrtle (L. indica regina). TT. 8'. This new introduction has immense flowers of a beautiful shade of imperial lavender. Very much admired by flower lovers.

															Each
Qt.	contai	ners											٠	٠	\$1.00
4 in	. pots												٠		.50

Coral Tree - Cockspur

Erythrina crista-galli, T. 10'-15', Large, corky trunk. Long spikes of big, brilliant red, pealike flowers in the spring. Locally called "Cry Baby."

	•]	Each
	Gal.	containers		\$1.25
-				

Erythrina herbacea. Herbaceous coral bush. Each

Good Clump N/B.....\$1.00

Cape Honeysuckle

Tecomaria capensis. SH. 6'. A shrub with reclining branches. Clusters of orange-red flowers borne in great profusion from May to first heavy frost.

	Each	Per 10
24-30 in. B&B or in can	\$.75	\$ 6.00
30-36 in. B&B or in can	1.25	10.00
3-4 ft. B&B	1.50	12.50

Chilopsis linearis

Desert Willow; Flowering Willow, H. 8'. Leaves resemble the willow, producing bell-shaped flowers of lilac striped with yellow. Succeeds well in dry climates. Blooms throughout summer.

											F	₫a	ıel	1
4-5	ft.	bare	roots.	 							. 9	5	.7	5
5-6	ft.	bare	roots.	 			 ٠					1	.0	0
			1 50 %											

Coralberry or Indian Currant

Symphoricarpos orbiculatus (S. vulgaris). Hardy shrub that will grow in shade. Carries coralred berries all winter.

			Ea	lch
$1 - 1 \frac{1}{2}$	ft.	bare	roots\$.35
$1\frac{1}{2}-2$	ft.	bare	roots	.50

Cornus

White-Flowering Dogwood (Cornus florida). H. 15'. A veritable tuft of white cloud on branches amid leafless surroundings. Blooms early in spring. Flowers are slightly suffused with pink. Bears red berries in fall.

		Each	Per 10
3-4 ft. B&B	or boxed	\$1.00	\$ 9.00
4-5 ft. B&B	or boxed	1.25	11.00
5-6 ft. B&B	or boxed	1.50	13.50
Prices of larg	er specimen	on applica	ation.
Tree with but	ds 50% extra	a.	

Pink-Flowering Dogwood. (C. florida rubra). H. 12'. Large deep pink flowers. Blooms early in spring. Like the above in other respects.

		Each
2-3 ft.	B&B or boxed with	buds\$2.00
3-4 ft.	B&B or boxed with	buds 2.50
4-5 ft.	B&B or boxed with	buds 3.00
Prices	of larger trees on a	application.

Deutzia

Double Rose Deutzia (Deutzia crenata rosea). H. 8'. Hardy and vigorous. Drooping branches covered with a profusion of double white flowers, tinged with pink.

Pride of Re	ochester	Deutzia.	H.	8.	Do	uble;
white, ting	ed pink.					
Above 2 D						Each
2-3 ft. I	3/B		\$.75	to	\$1.00
5-6 ft. H	3/B		1	.25	to	3.00

Flowering Almond

Double Pink and White Almond (Prunus glandulosa). A wealth of double flowers borne on short stalks, completely hiding the branches in early spring.

									Each	
2-3	ft.	В/В	٠.	 ٠.	 ٠.			 	 \$1.25	
3-4	ft.	В/В		 	 				 1.50	

Single Pink-Flowering Almond. H. 6'. Same as preceding but with single pink flowers. Early in spring trees are literally covered with pink flowers before leaves come out, followed by small, cherry-like, edible fruits.

		157	acn
2-3	ft.	B&B\$	1.00

Flowering Pomegranate

Showy, large flowers borne freely in the early summer. H. 6'
White. Large, double waxy white flowers.
Double Red and White variegated.

Double Red. Large showy scarlet flowers.

Single Red. A very hardy variety that hears conspicuous fruits.

Above 4 pomegranates—

												ach
2 1/2 -	·3 ft.	B/B	 	 		٠.				٠	. \$.60
3-4	ft. B	/B	 	 								.75
	ft. B											

Dwarf Evergreen Pomegranate. SH. 3'. A nearly evergreen variety of P. granatum, valuable because of its dwarf habit. Red flowers are followed by small red fruits.

	Each	Per 10
4 in. pots	\$.35	\$3.00
12-15 in. B&B		4.50
15-18 in. B&B		6.50

Flowering Peach H. 12

Unsurpassed for obtaining beautiful, prolific masses of color in the garden during the spring. Early Red. Clear ruby-red. Pink, double; white, double.

														ach
2-3	ft.	B/B.			 			٠		٠			. \$.50
		B/B.												
		•												

Flowering Plum

Prunus triloba. H. 8'. Resembles Double Pink-Flowering Almond, but the flowers are wider and cling close to the branches.

							Eacn
4-5 f	t.	bare	roots	 	 	 	 .\$.75
B/B				 	 	 	 . 1.25

Flowering Quince - Cydonia

- Flowering Quince. (Cydonia japonica). H. 6'. A handsome, low-headed, bushy plant that blooms early in spring. Watermelon pink. Very popular kind.

Searlet (C. japonica sanguinea). Produces bright searlet flowers. Growth dwarf.

White (C. japonica alba). Produces pure white flowers.

Apple-Blossom. Flowers are white and pink blended.

Above 4 Flowering Quinces-

		L. L.	lach
1 1/2 - 2	ft.	B&B	.75
$2 - 2 \frac{1}{2}$	ft.	B&B	1.00
2 1/2 - 3	ft.	B&B	1.25
3-31/2	ft.	B&B\$1.75 to	2.50
3 ½ - 4	ft.	B&B 2.50 to	3.50

Golden Bell - Forsythia

Border Forsythia (Forsythia intermedia). H. 8'. Deciduous shrub with deep yellow flowers early in winter before leaves appear.

	Eac	.11
2-3 ft.	B/B\$\$	0
3-4 ft.	B/B	15

Bush-Honeysuckle

Dutch Woodbine or Belgian Honeysuckle (Lonicera periclymenum). H. Very satisfactory bush form, Scented. Outside of flowers is a pinkish orange while inside is white.

			Eacn
15-18	in.	B&B	.\$.50
18-24	in.	B&B	75
24-30	in.	B&B	. 1.00
30-36	in.	B&B	. 1.50

Everblooming Honeysuckle (L. heckrotti). H. Intermediate between vine and shrub. Most free blooming of the Honeysuckles. Flowers are purple outside and creamy white inside.

																		Liact	()	
1 1/2 - 2	ft.			 		٠					٠							\$1.	0	0
2-21/2	ft.			 									٠	٠				1.	2	5
2 1/2 - 3																				

Winter Houeysuckle (Lonicera fragrantissima). H. 6'. A large shrub with numerous spreading branches. Produces pinkish white, fragrant flowers in early spring.

	Eac	ch
1½-2 ft. bare roots	\$.	35
2-3 ft. bare roots		45
3-4 ft. bare roots		50
Add 50% extra if balled		

Chinese Hibiscus

Hibiscus rosa-sinensis. TT. 8'

A tender evergreen shrub valued for its gorgeous, showy, trumpet-shaped flowers which measure 6 to 7 inches wide in some varieties.

Aguus Gault. Immense, long trumpets of single coral-pink. A Hawaiian hybrid. 75c each.

Bright Pink. Light pink with red throat. Very large, single flower.

Brilliantissima. Immense, single trumpets of solid scarlet. Richer and clearer than any other red Hibiscus.

Double Red. Large, double red flowers, known as Miniatus semiplenus.

CHINESE HIBISCUS—continued

Double Rose-Pink. Resembles a double rose-pink peony.

Double Salmon. Without red throat. Known as Aurantiaeus.

LaFrance. Medium-sized, single, delicate pink flowers.

Peachblow. Lovely light pink with peach cast. Double.

Pedunculatus. Blooms profusely all seasons of the year except a short period in winter. Small, rosy pink blooms about 1 inch long.

Salmon. Single; salmon, with red throat.

Versicolor. Double; red and white variegated.

Aurantiacus. Double flowers of pure salmon.

Euterpe. Single salmon with red throat.

Giganteum. Large, single, scarlet flowers.

Grandiflora. Single deep pink flowers. Very attractive. This is erroneously called single red.

Hawaiian Hybrid. Single salmon-colored flowers.

Melpomone. Single pink.

Minerva. Single pink.

Pink Beauty. More brilliant than Bright Pink. Psyche. Single crimson-red flowers with long pistils.

Schizopetalus. A small single flower with peculiarly cut and twisted petals. Pinkish red in color.

Terpsichore. Single flowers of soft pink.

Urania. Single salmon-pink flowers with shadings of orange.

Venus. Small, single pink flowers.

Venus Variegata. Leaves are pink, white, and green variegated; appropriately used as a combination plant.

Kerria japonica

Semi-deciduous shrub with slender, arching branches. Covered with small bright yellow flowers throughout the spring and summer. Thrives in sun or shade, H. 5'.

			Bacin
1½-2 ft.	В&В	 	 \$1.00
2-3 ft. B	&B	 	 1.50

Hydrangea

Hydrangea hortensis; H. opuloides. H. 4'. The immense flower-heads and huge bright green leaves make it a favorite for Texas gardens. In some cases the flowers are blue when planted in soil containing iron, pink in limy soil. Thrive best in a shady location and in moist, loamy soil.

Each
3 in. pot\$.25
2-3 canes, with buds, B&B
3-4 canes, with buds, B&B
4-5 canes, with buds, B&B 1.00
Prices of larger specimen on application.
We have these blooming in pots for the
holidays. Write for prices.

Lantana

Common Lautana (Lantana camara). SH. 5' A woody perennial with flowers borne in numerour cymes. Grows rapidly. A popular everblooming shrub.

Biencourt. Pure Pink.

Caprice. Pink and yellow.

T	A	N	T	٦ ۵	N	Δ	—continued
- 4	H			\mathcal{F}			

Golden Queen. Very dwarf. Pure bright yellow. J. S. Schultz. Best ox-blood red.

Lavender Queen. True lavender.

Radiation. Popular semi-dwarf sort. Red and vellow-orange.

Salmon King. Salmon.

Schmidt. Red, blood-orange, and yellow.

Tethys. White.

L. sellowiana. A trailing form of the above with slender branches and small green leaves. Flowers are a deep lavender-blue, Makes a fine substitute for verbena as a border plant. All above Lantanas-

Qt.	containe	rs .														\$.35
Gal	Contain	ers						٠.						٠.		.50
В&:	B plants	acc	or	di	n	g	te	0	si	ze	s.	\$	75	t	О	\$2.00

Lespedeza

Purple Bush Clover (Lespedeza formosa). H. low-growing shrub throwing up strong, wiry shoots each year from the crown. Bears an abundance of rose-purple flowers in long drooping branches in early spring and fall.

				E	lach
Me	dium	division	s	\$.25
liite	Bush	Clover	(Lespedeza	japonica).	SH.

Flowers are pure white. Each Medium divisions\$.50

Purple Loosestrife. Lythrum Salicaria. 0°. 8'. Purple flowers of easy culture in moist soil. Planted in borders and wild gardens.

			1210	ter.
3-4	ft.	B&B	\$.50
4-5	ft.	B&B	• •	.75

Magnolia **Deciduous Chinese Varieties**

Lily Magnolia (Magnolia liliflora). H. 10'. A bushy shrub with many upright stems. The sweet-scented flowers are purplish pink outside and white inside, 4 to 6 inches wide. Moist loamy soil is preferable. Does well in shade or partial sun. Rather slow grower.

					Each
3-4	ft.,	many	stems,	B&B\$1.50 to	\$2.00
4-5	ft.,	many	stems,	B&B	2.50
5-6	ft.,	many	stems,	B&B	3.50
6 - 7	ft.,	many	stems,	B&B	5.00
7-8	ft	many	stems	B&B 6.00 to	7.50

Purple Lily Magnolia (M. liliflora nigra.) 15'. Same as above, but flowers are larger and very deep purple outside very deep purple outside, with pale purple inside. This is a rare variety.

	Each
18-24 in. B&B	\$1.75
2-3 ft. B&B	2.25
4-5 ft. B&B	3.50
6-8 ft. B&B\$5.00	to 7.00

Saucer Magnolia (M. soulangeana). H. 20'. Large, tulip-like blooms that appear early in spring before the big dark green foliage appears. The sweet-scented flowers are winecolored outside and white inside. Unlike the preceding kind, this variety grows like a tree.

neceding mind, this	variety	SIUWS	Tike a tiee.
			Each
2½-3 ft. B&B			\$2.50
3-4 ft. B&B			3.00
4-5 ft. B&B			4.00
5-6 ft. B&B			5.50

Star Magnolia (M. stellata), a dwarf grower with numerous delicate pinkish white, waterlily-like flowers in early spring.

	Eaci	1
$1\frac{1}{2}-2$ ft.	B&B\$2.78	5
2-2½ ft.	B&B 3.78	5
	&B 4.50	

MAGNOLIA—continued

Myoporum Loetum, SH, 15'. Leaves 4 in, long. shining. Flowers, white spotted purple, 2/3 in across. Fruit reddish purple.

					Each
2-3 ft. H	3&B				\$1.00
Prices of	large	specimen	on	application	ı.

Parkinsonia aculeata

Known as Jerusalen Thorn and Retama. large, showy ornamental shrub with bright green bark; evergreen in the coastal belt. Bears yellow, fragrant flowers in loose racemes. Thrives in dry soil. SH. 15'.

			Each
4-5	ft.	B&B	. \$1.50
5-6	ft.	B&B	. 2.00
6 - 7	ft.	B&B	. 2.75

Night Jasmine

Cestrum nocturnum. During the day an ordinary green shrub with very slender branches; at night, small, fragrant, creamy white blooms open.

,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	٠,	1116-111																		
Fal.	$C\epsilon$	ontainer													. \$	ò	. !	50		
Ga Ga	a.l.	containe	יני	٠.			ı									1	. !	50	•	

DAY JASMINE

C. diurnum. Evergreen shrub with white flowers, fragrant in the day. SH. 6'. Prices same as above.

Philadelphus

Sweet Mock-Orange (Philadelphus coronarius). H. 8'. Tall, arching branches covered with fragrant, creamy white blooms in spring.

	Each
3-4 ft. B/B	
Virginal Mock Orange	(P. virginalis). H. 8'. A
much more profuse	bloomer. Large, double,
white, fragrant flowe	rs.
2-3 ft. B/B	
3-4 ft. B/B	1.00

Poinciana regia

Royal Poinciana. Severally named Peacock Flower, Bird of Paradise, etc. One of the most striking and gorgeous tropical trees.

					Ī					E	ach
Gal.	contair	iers	 							 _\$	1.00

Poinsettia pulcherrima

Well-known, beautiful "Christmas Flower," We have the following varieties to offer: White, pink and red.

]	\mathbb{E}_{i}	ach	L
1	yr.	root.														\$.50	,
		root.																
3	yr.	root.											٠			1	1.00	ł

Purple-Leaved Plum

Prunus pissardi; Vesuvius. H. 15'. Flowering Plum with rich deep reddish purple foliage. Covered with small pink flowers in the spring. The red fruits are both ornamental and edible.

	E	ach
4-5 ft.	B/B\$.75
	B/B	

Redbud - Cercis

American Redbud (Cercis canadensis). H. 15'. For brilliant color effect in the spring. Bears

REDBUD - CERCIS—continued	SPIREA—continued
a profusion of small, rosy pink flowers before the leaves appear. Each 2-3 ft., 2 yr., N/B\$.40	Spirea Thumbergi. Thumberg spirea. H. 5'. Leaves narrow, willow like. Small white flowers early in spring. Semi-evergreen in south.
3-4 ft., 2 yr., N/B	Easily transplanted. Each 18-24 in. N/B\$.35 2-2½ ft. N/B50 2½-3 ft. N/B
C'hinese Dwarf Redbud (C. chinensis). H. 10'. Bushy tree with many purplish pink flowers in early spring. Dwarf by nature. Each	Each Per 10 3-4 ft. bare roots\$.60 \$5.00 4-5 ft. bare roots
2-3 ft. B/B\$1.00 3-4 ft. B/B	Sweet Shrub
Prices of larger specimen on request. White-flowering Redbud (C. canadensis alba). New introduction. This is in all respects the same as the American Redbud, except flowers are pure white.	Calycanthus floridus. H. 6'. Bushy, dark green leaves, with chocolate-colored, sweet-scented flowers. Each 2-3 ft. B/B
Each 3-4 ft. B&B\$1.25	Tamarix
4-5 ft. B&B	Juniper Tamarix (T. juniperina; T. japonica;
Senisa - Leucophyllum Senisa (Leucophyllum texanum). H. 8'. A native	T. plumosa). Makes a medium-sized shade tree. Foliage feather-like, of a soft grayish color. Pink flowers in spring. H. 10'.
of southwestern Texas, noted for its silvery gray foliage and profuse pinkish lavender flowers in spring and late summer. Adapted to dry locations. Each	2-3 ft. N/B
12-15 in. B&B\$.50 15-18 in. B&B	Thunbergia erecta
18-24 in. B&B	This is not a climber but a bush 3 to 4 fect high with loose, spreading branches. Flowers large, intense violet, with orange throat.
Compact Senisa (L. texanum compactum). This is a very compact and symmetrical form with foliage much more silvery. Each	In gal. containers or in pots\$.50 Thunbergia grandiflora. Semi-climber with blue flowers like African Violet, about three inches
10-12 in. B&B or in cans\$.60 12-15 in. B&B or in cans	long and broad. Each 4 in. pots
Salvia greggi - Autumn Sage	Tree of Heaven, Ailanthus glandulosa. A. Japonica or Altissima. H. 30'. Deciduous. A most fast growing tree and makes fine shade tree
Flowers almost continually from spring until late fall. A very useful subshrub. H. 4'. In rcd and white—	in city against smoke. Each 5-6 ft. N/B\$\$
Each 1½-2 ft. N/B\$.75	Vitex
Spirea	Chaste Tree (Vitex agnus-castus). H. 16'. Clear lilac flowers borne in numerous spikes.
Authony Waterer Spirea (Spirea bumaldi, Anthony Waterer). H. 2. A dwarf, compact, almost evergreen Spirea. Panicles of rosy crimson flowers from spring to fall.	Thrives under adverse conditions and neglect that would ruin less vigorous shrubs. Each Per 10 4-5 ft. bare roots\$.75 \$6.50 5.6 ft. bare roots
Each 10-12 in. B&B	5.6 ft. bare roots 1.00 7.50 Vitex grandiflora. A new introduction, Flowers are longer and larger, and deep purple. Each
15-18 in. B&B	4-5 ft. N/B
Each 3-4 ft. N/B\$.40 4-5 ft. N/B	The Weigelas are medium-sized shrubs with arching branches. They bear a profusion of small, well-shaped flowers. Very showy. Eva Rathke Weigela. H. 6'. Rich ruby-red flow-
Double Reeves Spirea (Spirea cantoniensis plena).	ers during spring and early summer. Pink Weigela (Weigela rosea). H. 6'. Produces large clusters of pink, trumpet-shaped flow-
15-18 in. N/B\$.40 2-3 ft. N/B	ers. A free-flowering vigorous shrub. Each 2-2½ ft. bare roots\$.40 2½-3 ft. bare roots

Coniferous Evergreens

Deodara (Cedrus deodara). H. 30'. A magnifi-
cent, towering pyramidal tree. Desirable as a
lawn specimen because of its symmetrical
habit. Has silvery bluish green foliage. Re-
quires well-drained soil for successful growth.
Fach

	Each
3-4 ft.	B&B\$2.50 to \$3.00
4-5 ft.	B&B 4.00
5-6 ft.	B&B 5.00
6-7 ft.	B&B 6.00 to 7.00
Prices	of larger specimen on application.

Atlas Cedar (C. atlantica). H. 40'. Somewhat stiffer than Deodara, but hardier, a slower grower, and less subject to the illnesses which attack Deodara variety.

		Each
4-4½ f	t. B&B	 .\$5.00
5-6 ft.	B&B	 . 6.00
7-8 ft.	B&B	 .7.50

Cypress - Cupressus

Arizona Cypress (Cupressus arizonica). H. 40'. A rapid-growing, bluish green Cypress of narrow, pyramidal form. Native to the mountains of Arizona and northern Mexico. Likes well-drained soil and semi-arid atmospheric conditions. Grafted.

		Each
12-18 in. B&B		\$1.00
18-24 in. B&B		1.25
24-36 in. B&B		-1.50
3-4 ft. B&B		1.75
4-5 ft. B&B		-2.50
Bhutan Cypress (C. torulosa majestica).	H	. 20'.
A conical tree with yellowish green	fo	liage

of unusual texture.

Each
3-3½ ft. B&B......\$8.00 to 12.00

Guadalupe Cypress (C. guadalupensis). H. 30′.

Guadalupe Cypress (C. guadalupensis), H. 30'.
Spreading, globular head of exceedingly handsome blue foliage.

							Laci
18-2	4 i1	n. B&	В	 	 ٠.		\$.75
2-3	ft.	В&В.		 	 		1.00
3 - 4	ft.	В&В.		 	 		1.50
4-5	ft.	В&В.		 	 		-2.00
6-7	ft.	В&В.		 	 		-3.00
7-9	ft.	в&в.		 	 	 \$4.00 to	5.00
	~						

Spreading Italian Cypress (C. sempervirens horizontalis). SH. 25'. Branches extend horizontally, making the tree broadly upright.

	0		- I	C)	
					Each
4-5 ft.	В&В				.\$3.00
5-6 ft.	В&В				. 3.50
6-7 ft.	В&В				. 4.00
7-8 ft.	В&В				. 5.00
Prices	of larger	specimen	of 12	-15	ft. on
request					

Junipers

Whitespot Chinese Juniper (Juniperus chinensis albo-variegata). H. 12'. A compact and upright-growing Juniper. Bluish green foliage, with creamy white variegations at tips of branches.

9 4 ft DOD	
3-4 ft. B&B	. \$3.00
4-5 ft. B&B	3.75
5-6 ft. B&B	. 5.50

Spiny Greek Juniper (J. excelsa stricta). H. 10'. A dwarf, upright, conical Juniper with light green, prickly foliage.

		Each
2-21/2	ft.	B&B\$1.50
2 ½ -3	ft.	B&B 2.00
3-3 1/2	ft.	B&B 2.50

Fastigiate Chinese Juniper (J. chinensis fastigiata). H. 25'. A symmetrical, pyramidal tree of extremely slender form. The leaves are mostly scale-type ond very dark green.

	Each
7-8 ft.	B&B\$ 6.00
8-9 ft.	B&B 7.50
9-10 ft.	B&B 10.00

Juniperus Ch. Globosa, Globe shaped Chinese juniper. H. 4'. Leaves bluish green, Scale like. Very compact. Perfectly at home in our Nursery.

				Each
12-15	in.	в&в	 	 . \$1.25

Juniperus Ch. Horizontalis. H. 8' Sp.

							васп
4-5	ft.	spread,	В&В.	 	 	 	. \$2.50

Waukegan Juniper (J. horizontalis douglasii). H. 8' Steel-blue foliage which turns to purplish bronze in winter. Grows very close to ground. For rock-garden and hillside planting.

				200
$1\frac{1}{2} - 2$	ft.	spread,	B&B	1.50
2-21/2	ft.	spread,	В&В	2.00

Vase-shaped Juniper (No. 103 Juniper; J. chinensis nana depressa). H. 8' Sp. A new vase-shaped Juniper, irregular in outline when young, with light green leaves entirely imbricated. Does not burn during the summer and stands cold equally well.

							T	sacn
$1\frac{1}{2} - 2$	ft.	Spread,	В&В					31.75
2-21/2	ft.	spread.	в&В					2.25
2 1/2 - 3	ft.	spread,	В&В					2.75
3-3 1/2	ťt.	spread,	В&В					3.50
Prices	of	larger	specimen	on	app	lica	tio	n.
	2 - 2 ½ 2 ½ - 3 3 - 3 ½	2-2½ ft. 2½-3 ft. 3-3½ ft.	2-2½ ft. spread. 2½-3 ft. spread, 3-3½ ft. spread,	2-2½ ft. spread. B&B 2½-3 ft. spread, B&B 3-3½ ft. spread, B&B	2-2½ ft. spread. B&B 2½-3 ft. spread, B&B 3-3½ ft. spread, B&B	2-2½ ft. spread. B&B	2-2½ ft. spread. B&B	1½-2 ft. Spread, B&B

Burki Juniper. H. 20'. Just like Juniper Glauca but grows straighter.

				Eacn
5-6	ft.	В&В	\$4.00 t	o \$5.00
6-8	ft.	B&B	5.00 t	0.7.00

Hill Juniper. H. 15'. Resembles Canarti Juniper, never burns during summer.

													Each	
6-7	ft.	B&B.						 					\$6.00	
7 8	£+	D&D											7.00	

No. 102 Juniper (J. chinensis nana). H. 4'. Leaves dark green, closely clinging to stems. Growth depressed and irregular. Entirely scale leaves.

							Each
12 - 15	in.	spread,	В&В.	 	 		.\$1.00
15-18	in.	spread,	В&В.	 	 		. 1.25
2 1/2 - 3	ft.	spread,	В&В.	 	 		. 2.00
3-4 ft	- 81	read B	&B				2.75

Dwarf Blue-Green Chinese Juniper (J. chinensis nana viridifolia), H. 10'. This semi-dwarf Juniper has bluish green foliage that stands extreme cold and summer heat of burning sun equally well. The most beautiful and satisfactory Juniper.

		2200011
$2-2\frac{1}{2}$ f	t. B&B	\$1.50
2 ½ -3 f	t. B&B	2.00
3-3½ f	t. B&B	2.50
		3.00
4-5 ft.	В&В	3.75
5-6 ft.	В&В	5.50
6-7 ft.	В&В	7.50
Price o	f larger specime	en on application.

JUNIPERS—continued

Juniperus Ch. oblonga. H. 6'.	continued
Each	varieties have mostly needle-type leaves. This variety is pyramidal in form.
2-2½ ft. B&B\$1.50	Each
4-5 ft. B&B	5-6 ft. B&B\$3.00 to \$4.00 6-8 ft. B&B4.00 to 5.50
Pfitzer Juniper (J. chinensis pfitzeriana). H.	8-10 ft. B&B 6.00 to 7.50
10', Sp. A spreading, semi-prostrate Juniper	Prices on specimen of 10 ft. up on request.
with mixed cord and needle-type leaves of	Reeves Juniper (J. chinensis sylvestris femina).
bright green. One of the most satisfactory low-growing Junipers. Indispensable in land-	H. 25'. Similar to Pyramidal Chinese Juniper, but foliage of lighter green. Growth is unique
scaping.	and distinctive, upright, with twisted spread-
Each	ing branches from ground up. Makes beauti-
1½-2 ft. Spread, B&B \$1.75 2-2½ ft. spread, B&B 2.25	ful specimen tree in lawn.
2 ½ -3 ft. spread, B&B 3.00	Each \$2.00
3-3½ ft. spread, B&B 3.50	3½-4 ft. B&B 2.50
3 ½ -4 ft. spread, B&B	4-5 ft. B&B
4-5 ft. spread, B&B\$5.00 to 5.75 5-6 ft. spread, B&B 6.00 to 10.00	5-6 ft. B&B
Pfitzer Juniper Dwarf (J. Ch. pfitzeriana com-	7-8 ft. B&B 7.50
pacta). Introduced by Armstrong Nursery of	8-10 ft. B&B\$9.00 to 12.00
California. Very desirable compact variety.	Trailing Chinese Juniper (J. chinensis japonica
Each 15-18 in. B&B\$1.25	procumbens). HH. 10' Sp. A fine trailing Juniper. Has both needle and scale-like foliage
Pfitzer Juniper blue (J. Ch. pfitzeriana glauca).	when young, but when old the needle parts
Foliage blue-green. Otherwise same as com-	gradually disappear.
mon Pfitzer Juniper. A new introduction.	2-2½ ft. B&B \$2.00
Each 15-18 in. spr., B&B\$1.50	2 ½ -3 ft. B&B 2.50
18-24 in. spr., B&B	3-4 ft. B&B
24-30 in. spr., B&B 2.75	5-6 ft. B&B
30-36 in. spr., B&B	Variegated Trailing Chinese Juniper (J. chinen-
Sargent Juniper (J. ch. sargenti). H. 5' Sp. Dwarf, slow-growing. Prostrate. Well suited	sis japonica procumbens variegata). A yel-
for rock gardens.	low-variegated variety of the above.
Each	1½-2 ft. spread, B&B\$2.00
12-15 in. B&B\$1.00	2-2½ ft. spread, B&B
Savin Juniper (J. sabina). H. 8' Sp. Similar in form to the Pfitzer Juniper. Low-growing	Juniperus japonica (trained). Procumbent Jap-
with full, radiating branches of bright green	anese Juniper trained upright.
foliage. Each	2-2½ ft. B&B\$2.75
2-2½ ft. spread, B&B\$1.50	2 ½ -3 ft. B&B 3.50
2½-3 ft. spread, B&B	Trailing Japanese Juniper (J. japonica pro-
Schott Juniper (J. Virg. schotti). H. 15'. Leaves	cumbens). HH. 10' Sp. A fully prostrate vari-
yellowish green. Resembling cannart juniper.	ety with needle-type foliage predominating. Grows no more than 1½ feet high.
4-5 ft. B&B\$4.00	Each
5-6 ft. B&B 5.00	1½-2 ft. spread, B&B\$1.75
Shore Juniper (J. Ch. conferta). H. 8' Sp. Light	2-2½ ft. spread, B&B
green, soft foliage. Prostrate; branchlets	3-3½ ft. spread, B&B 3.75
growing upright. Each	4-5 ft. spread, B&B 5.00 Price of larger specimen on application.
3-4 ft. spread, B&B\$2.25	
4-5 ft. spread, B&B 3.00	Kiyono Juniper (J. communis kiyonoi). H. 12'. A very compact columnar Juniper with bluish
Tamarix Savin Juniper (J. sabina tamarisci-	green leaves which turn plum-color in winter.
folia). H. 5' Sp. Makes a spreading, dense,	Each
compact mound of grayish green foliage which never changes color.	2-3 ft. B&B\$1.00 3-4 ft. B&B
Each	4-5 ft. B&B
15-18 in. spread, B&B\$1.00	5-6 ft. B&B
1½-2 ft. spread, B&B	Upright Irish Juniper (J. communis hibernica).
Von Ehron Juniper (J. sabina, Von Ehron).	H. 12'. Foliage glaucous green; spreading
H. 5'. Reaches an ultimate height of 4 to 5	branches. Each
feet. Semi-horizontal branches that droop	4-4½ ft. B&B\$1.75
gracefully at the tips. Each	4 ½ -5 ft. B&B
4-5 ft. B&B\$2.50	
Meyer Juniper (J. squamata meyeri). H. 6'.	Dwarf Irish Juniper (J. communis hibernica nana). A dwarf form of Irish Juniper that
Small, irregularly upright Juniper with dense	does not grow higher than 3 ft. and naturally
branches and striking blue foliage of needle form. Very slow grower.	assumes a symmetrical ball shape.
Each	Each 2-3 ft. B&B\$1.50
12-15 in. B&B\$1.50	3-4 ft. B&B
15-18 in. B&B	CVC 1 DELL
Common Juniper or English Juniper (J. com-	SHEARED 2-3 ft. B&B
munis). H. 15'. Juniperus communis and its	5-6 ft. B&B 3.00

JUNIPERS—continued

Prostrate	English	Juniper	· (J. c	ommu	mis de-
pressa)	. H. 10' S	sp. Often	ealled	J. ean	adensis.
Low-gr	owing, sp	reading	variety	with	grayish
green f	oliage. L	eaves of	needle	type.	
, ,					Each

2½-3 ft. spread,	B&B\$2.00
	iana). H. 30'. Useful where
a large pyramidal	eonifer is required. Native
to this continent.	

6-7 ft.	в&в	 	.\$4.00
	pachyphlaea.		
	looking <mark>jun</mark> ip arc scale-like		

Jun only to South. Each

12-15	m. B&	εB	• • • • •		• • • • •		· \$1.00
nnarti	Red 0	edar	(J.	virgin	iana	cann	arti).
₹. 20′.	Foliage	is tu	ifted,	very	rieh	dark	green

Can in color. Loosely pyramidal in form. Does well in this section, and one of the best pyramidal Junipers we have.

					•						Each
3-4	ft.	B&B.									\$2.75
4-5 1	ft.	B&B.									4.00
5-6 1	ľt.	B&B.									-5.00
6 - 7 = 1	ľŧ.	B&B.								\$6.00 to	-7.00
Price	8 0	f larg	er	SD	eci	me	211	on	1 2	upplicati	on.

Goldtip Red Cedar (J. virginiana elegantissima). H. 15'. Drooping branchlets tipped with a marked golden tint in new growth, especially in spring.

						Eaen
$2 - 2 \frac{1}{2}$	ſt.	spread.	В&В			\$2.50
2 1/2 - 3	ft.	spread.	В&В			3.00
3-4 ft	. s	oread, E	8&B			3.50
Price	of	Larger s	necimens	on	applica.	tion.

Silver Juniper (J. virginiana glauca). H. 20%. One of the most beautiful and satisfactory Junipers ever introduced. Stands heat, cold, and clipping. Its foliage has a beautiful blue coat with silvery sheen.

	Each
3-3½ ft. B&B	\$2.75
3½-4 ft. B&B	3.50
5-6 ft. B&B	4.50
6-7 ft. B&B\$ 5.75 to	6.50
7-8 ft. B&B 7.00 to	9.00
8-10 ft. B&B 10.00 to	15.00
Prices of larger specimen on applicat	ion.

Globe Red Cedar (J. virginiana globosa). H. 5'. Sp. Spreading, round-topped Red Cedar that is quite a novelty and satisfactory in many situations.

	Each
18-24 in., sp., B&B	\$2.25
24-30 in., sp., B&B	2.50
30-36-in., sp., B&B	3.75
4-5 ft., sp., B&B\$6.00 to	7.00
5-6 ft., sp., B&B 7.50 to	10.00

Koster Red Cedar (J. virginiana kosteri). H. 10' Sp. Similar to Pfitzer Juniper and equally satisfactory in all respects. Is lighter green and more open in outline.

3-31/2	ft.	B&B\$2.50
		B&B 3.00
4-41/2	ft.	B&B 3.75
4 ½ - 5	ft.	B&B 5.00

Pine - Pinus

Bull Pine (Pinus ponderosa). H. 40'. Its leaves are longer than those of P. palustris and are distributed all along the stems, remaining on until the wood is two or three years old.

			Bach
$3-3\frac{1}{2}$ ft			\$2.00
			1
$3\frac{1}{2}$ -4 ft			2.75
-3 inch cali	ner	\$7.50 t	$\alpha = 10.00$
or like it cert	17.01		.0 10.00
Drives of 1	arger trees	on application.	
TITCO OF I	argor aroun	on application.	•

Podocarpus

Yew Podocarpus (Podocarpus macrophylla). SH. 20'. A loosely pyramidal tree of the Yew family. This variety has longer leaves than the varietics listed below. Leaves are lustrous. Will thrive in shady nooks where other trees fail.

						масп
$1\frac{1}{2} - 2$	ft.	В&В				\$1.00
		в&в				1.25
2 1/2 - 3	ft.	В&В				1.50
		В&В				
3 1/2 - 4	ft.	В&В			\$2.50	to 3.00
4-5 ft	. B	&B			3.25	to 4.00
Prices	of	specimen	trees	in	boxes of	ı appli-
eation						

Maki Podocarpus (P. macrophylla maki), SH. 20'. Leaves are of medium length and dark green, Similar to the above in other respects.

		ALFO CO LA
1½-2 ft. B&B.	 	\$1.25
2-21/2 ft. B&B.	 	1.75
2½-3 ft. B&B.		2.50
3-4 ft. B&B		3.00
4-5 ft. B&B		
Price of larger		

Retinospora

Cedar Retinospora (Chamaeeyparis ericoides). H. 8'. A dense, pyramidal variety. Foliage is fine and feathery and color bright green in summer, changing to dull bronze in winter.

										Eae II
1	5-18	in.	B&B	 	 					\$1.00
1	8-24	in.	B&B	 	 					1.25
6	-7 ft	. B	&B	 	 	٠.		.\$5.00	to	7.50

Oriental Arborvitae

Thuja Orientalis

Baker's Pyramidal Arborvitae. H. 15', A compact, well-shaped pyramid of bright green. Foliage does not burn.

		Each
2-2½ ft	. B&B	\$.85
	. В&В	1.00
	. B&B	1.25
3½-4 ft	. B&B	1.50
	. в&в	1.75
	. В&В	
	B&B\$3.50	

Berckman's Golden Arborvitae. H. 8'. Pure strain of the true Berekman's. A compact, bushy Arborvitae with all branches tipped with tint of golden color.

	· Each
1½-2 ft. B&B	\$1.25
2-2½ ft. B&B	1.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 ft. B&B	
3-4 ft. B&B	
4-5 ft. B&B	
Prices of larger specimen on	

THUJA ORIENTALIS—continued

Thuya O. Elegantissima. Golden Pyramidal Arborvitae.	Excelsa Arborvitae. H. 12'. A hardy conical type with soft green foliage. Much hardier than the Baker, which it resembles in form.
2-3 ft. B&B	Each 18-24 in. B&B
Fine material for landscaping. Each 3-4 ft. B&B	Goldspire Arborvitae (T. orientalis conspicua). H. 15'. A slender, pointed shaft of bright golden color. Ideal where a touch of color is desired. Each
globe-shaped Arborvitae ever introduced. Color, beautiful green. Each 1½-2 ft. B&B. \$1,25 2-2½ ft. B&B. 1.75 2½-3 ft. B&B. 2.00	3-4 ft. B&B. \$ 1.50 4-5 ft. B&B. 1.75 8-10 ft. B&B. 7.50 10-12 ft. B&B. 10.00 Price of larger specimen on application.
3-3½ ft. B&B	Melden's Arborvitae (T. orientalis meldensis). H. 8', Similar in shape to Berckman's Golden Arborvitae but light green in color. Each
globe-shaped in form, with beautiful dark green foliage. Recommended for cemetery or urns. Each 15-18 in, B&B\$1.00	2-3 ft. B&B. \$1.00 3-4 ft. B&B. 1.50 4-5 ft. B&B. 2.25 5-6 ft. B&B. 3.00
18-24 in. B&B	Ramsey's Hybrid Arborvitae. 14, 20'. Foliage is loose and stringy, bright green. Narrow, pyramidal form. Properly used, it gives an effect of grandcur, especially on large premises.
Each 5-6 ft. B&B\$1.50 6-8 ft. B&B2.00	Each 3-4 ft. B&B
Golden Ball Arborvitae. H. 2½' Perfect counterpart of Dwarf Bonita, except foliage. Each 12-15 in. B&B\$.75	5-6 ft. B&B
15-18 in, B&B	8-10 ft. B&B\$5.00 to 7.00 Price of larger specimen on application.

Shade Trees

Ash

Arizona Ash (Fraxinus velutina). H. 20'. Valued for its almost evergreen labit. Has a clean straight, grayish white bark. Suitable for drier sections, but grows well even near the seashore.

	Each
6-7 ft. N/B	\$1.00
7-8 ft. N/B	-1.50
8-10 ft. N/B	-2.00
If balled add 50%.	

Beech - Fagus

American Beech (Fagus grandiflora). H. 30'. Deciduous, hardy tree with beautiful leaves and of noble, symmetrical habit. Rarely attacked by insects or fungi.

			Each
6-7 ft.	N/B	 	 \$1.25
	N/B		
	ed add 50%		

COTTONWOOD. See Under Poplar

Elm - Ulmus

American Elm (Ulmus americana). II. 50'. Handsome, stately, rapid-growing tree with long, graceful branches. Large dense foliage.

ELM - ULMUS—continued

Each
1-1¼ in. caliper, N/B\$1.35
$1\frac{1}{4} - 1\frac{1}{2}$ in caliper, N/B 1.75
1½-1¾ in. caliper, N/B 2.00
1 3/4 - 2 in. caliper, N/B 2.75
$2-2\frac{1}{2}$ in caliper, N/B 3.50
Price of larger specimen on request.
Chinese Elm (Ulmus pumila). H. 25'. Two
species are sold under the name Chinese Elm.
This is the variety with smaller leaves. Semi-
deciduous. Adapts itself to extremes of heat
and cold. Each
3-4 ft N/B\$.35
8-10 ft. N/B
1-1¼ in. caliper, B/B 1.50
1 1/4 - 1 1/2 in. caliper, B/B 2.00
$1\frac{1}{2} - 1\frac{3}{4}$ in. caliper, B/B 2.50
1 3/4 - 2 in. caliper, B/B 3.00
Price of larger specimen on application.
Fringe Tree

Fringe Tree

Chionanthus virginica. H. 10'. Deciduous tree or large shrub. Very striking when covered with its feathery white flowers.

																I	\mathbb{E}	ac	h
3-4	ft.	N/	В.		٠											. 5	\$. 5	0
4-5																			
5-7																			
If 1																			

Each

Hackberry - Celtis

Hackberry (Celtis occidentalis). HH. 80'. A rugged tree adapted to hot, dry areas. Not affeeted by fungi or insects.

														172	асп
4-5	ft.	N/B	 						٠	٠				. \$.50
5-6	ft.	N/B	 						٠						.75
TE I															

Mimosa or Silk Tree

Albizzia julibrissin. H. 20'. The large, compound leaves and clusters of feathery pink flowers in early summer give it unusual daintiness and beauty.

Eac	الز
4-5 ft. N/B\$	75
5-6 ft. N/B 1.	0.0
6-7 ft. N/B 1.	50
7-8 ft. N/B 2.1	0.0
8-10 ft. N/B\$2.50 to 3.	50
If balled add 50% additional.	

Mulberry - Morus

Russian Mulberry (Morus alba tatarica). H. 40'. A hardy variety valued more as a shade tree than for its fruit. Grows quickly. Has large leaves which provide dense shade.

Each
6-8 ft. N/B\$\$\$
8-10 ft. N/B 1.25
Weeping Mulberry (M. pendula). Branches curve
gracefully to the ground, forming a dense,
umbrella-shaped head.
Each
2 yr. head, 4-5ft. stem, B&B\$2.00
2 yr. head, 5-6 ft. stem, B&B 3.00

Oak - Quercus

The Evergreen Live Oak is practically always dug with a ball of earth on the roots (B&B), although there are some conditions under which it may be transplanted with bare roots. Balling is not so necessary with other Oaks, but it is usually much safer for them, too.

Live Oak (Quercus virginiana), H. 40'. The native Live Oak of the South. A sturdy evergreen variety which is unsurpassed as an avenue or shade tree. Thrives in most inclement weather conditions.

Measured by caliper of trunk— Each
1-1¼ in. B&B\$ 2.00
$1\frac{1}{4} - 1\frac{1}{2}$ in. B&B
$1\frac{1}{2}$ -1\frac{3}{4} in. B&B
$1\frac{3}{4}$ - 2 in. B&B 4.80
2-2¼ in. B&B 6.00
$2\frac{1}{4} - 2\frac{1}{2}$ in. B&B
$2\frac{1}{2}-2\frac{3}{4}$ in. B&B 8.50
$2\frac{3}{4}$ -3 in. B&B
$3-3\frac{1}{2}$ in. B&B
$3\frac{1}{2}$ -4 in. B&B
Prices on larger specimen on application.

Pin Oak (Q. palustris). HH. 60'. A deciduous Oak with bright green foliage that turns brownish red in the Fall. Sturdy yet graceful;

leaves have intricate design of interest.

Water Oak (Q. nigra). HH. 60'. A fast-growing and handsome tree with foliage less intricate than the Pin Oak. Semi-deciduous.

Willow Oak (Q. phellos). H. 60'. A deciduous variety resembling the Water Oak, but having much narrower leaves. Used extensively as shade and avenue tree. as shade and avenue tree. Above 3 Oaks—

i de la companya de	Each
2-21/4 in. caliper, B&B\$	5.00
$2\frac{1}{4}$ - $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. caliper, B&B	6.00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 in. caliper, B&B	7.50
3-3½ in. caliper, B&B	10.00
3½-4 in. caliper, B&B	12.00
Larger specimen on request.	

Poplar - Populus

Carolina Poplar (Populus eugenei). H. 50'. Useful where a quick-growing shade tree is required. Succeeds almost anywhere.

Chinese Poplar (P. simoni). H. 40'. Tall and slender-growing Poplar, resembling the Lombardy but does not grow as fast as that variety.

Cottonwood (P. deltoides). II, 50'. Splendid shade tree for inland arid sections and seashore. Large leaves; clean white bark.

Above 3	Popla	rs—									Œ	ach
5-6 ft.	bare	roots.							 ٠		. \$.75
6-8 ft.	bare	roots.										1.00
8-10 ft	t. bare	roots										1.50
If ball	led ad	d 50%	ad	di	tic	011	al,					

Lombardy Poplar (P. nigra italica). Noted for its symmetrical, spire-like form and rapid growth. Useful for emphasis or other pictorial effect in landscaping.

ા ા ા ા ા ા ા ા ા ા ા ા ા ા ા ા ા ા ા	СП
5-6 ft. N/B\$.	50
8-10 ft. N/B 1.	50
10-12 ft. N/B 2.	00
12-15 ft. N/B 3.	0.0
If balled add 50% additional.	

Silver Poplar (P. alba nivea). H. 30'. Undersides of leaves are snowy white. Resembles the silver maple in a superficial way.

Each
6-7 ft. N/B\$.75
7-8 ft. N/B 1.00
8-9 ft. N/B 1.25
9-10 ft. N/B
If balled add 50% additional.
Prices of larger specimen on application.

Sweet Gum - Liquidambar

Sweet Gum. (Liquidambar styraciflua). HH. 30'. Makes a dense shade with its hemispherical head. Very showy in the autumn with its maple-like leaves changing from green to mixed colors of yellow, scarlet, and purple.

				Late
8-9 ft.	В&В	 	 	 . \$3.00
9-10 ft	. в&в	 	 	 4.50

Sycamore - Platanus

American Plane Tree (Platanus occidentalis). H. 60'. Better known as Sycamore and widely distributed in the southwest. Sturdy, fastgrowing, durable tree. Its broad leaves and compact head make a dense shade.

																					ach	
6-7	ft.	N/	Έ																	. \$.75	
7-8	ft.	N	/B.,		٠.																1.00	
																					1.50	
9-1	0 ft	. Ń	/B.							٠.											2.00	
			, add																			
Pri	ces	of	lar	ger	S	D	ec	ir	ne	en	. (01	1	a	101	ρl	ic	ea	t	io	n.	

Tallow Tree

Sapium sebiferum. SH. 30'. A small tree that reaches maturity quickly. Its chief value lies in the beautiful autumn color of its leaves. Requires no special soil.

Each
5-6 ft. N/B\$.75
6-7 ft. N/B 1.00
7-8 ft. N/B 1.50
8-10 ft. N/B 2.00
Add 50% additional if balled.
Prices of larger specimen on request

Tulip Tree - Liriodendron

Liriodendron tulipifera. H. 75'. A rapid-growing, stately tree with pyramidal crown of lustrous green foliage; bears large tulip-like flowers of yellow-green blotched with orange. This tree has few insect enemies and tree

TULIP TREE - LIRIODENDRON

	_ •	
con	itin	ued
001		

liseases,	and	is	adar	ted	to	this	section	n of
he count	ry.						F	Each
8-10 ft.	N/E							32.00
10-12 f	t. N/	в						2.50
Add 50	% if	bal	lled.					
Price o	f lar	ger	spec	imer	ı on	ann	lication	1.

Tung - Oil Tree

TUNG-OIL TREE (Aleurites Fordii, China wood-
oil). H. 25'. Flowers pinkish white followed
by large nuts from which valuable oil is ex-
tracted. Makes fine ornamental tree.

		ach
5-6 ft.	B/B\$1	1.25
6-7 ft.	B/B 2	2.00

Umbrella Tree

Texas Umbrella Tree (Melia azedarach umbra-culiformis). H. 20'. Umbrella-shaped tree that grows rapidly. Large panicles of lavender flowers in summer. Thrives in any soil.

		Each
4-5 ft. bare	roots	\$.75
Add 50% if	balled.	
Price of lar	ger specimen on applicat	tion.

Willow - Salix

Waving	Japanese	Willow	(Salix	Mats	uda	na).
H. 40'.	Leaves,	branches	and	trunk	all	are
wavele	ts. Fast g	rower. Od	ld nov	elty.		

	Eac	, IJ
4-5 ft.	B/B\$1.	50
5-6 ft.	B/B 2.0	0.0

Weeping Willow (Salix babylonica). H. 30'. Picturesque Willow with long, pendulous branches. Thrives in both wet and dry soils.

								E	ach
4-5 ft.	N/B				 	 	 	. \$.50
5-6 ft.	N/B				 	 ٠.	 		.60
6-7 ft.	N/B				 	 ٠.	 		.75
7-8 ft.	N/B				 	 	 		1.00
50% ad	ditional	if	bal	led					

White Willow. Very fast grower. Does best in moist location. Upright in form.

		Each
6-7 ft. bare	roots	 \$.75
7-8 ft. bare	roots	 1.00
8-10 ft. bare	e roots	 1.50
50% additio	nal if balled.	

Fruit, Nut Trees, and Berry Plants

Blackberries

Dallas.	June.	Very	product	tive. Go	ood si	ize.	
Haupt.	May,	June.	Heavy	bearer	of p	ollen	for
which	ı it	is ofte	en plan	ited wi	th M	[cDona	ıld.
Consis	stentl	v heav	v beare	2 pr			

McDonald. May, June. Fine berry but requires pollenization by some other variety to insure full crop.

Above	3	B	la	\mathbf{c}	k	b	e	rı	i	es	ş-	_	-								
$_{ m Per}$	10										٠						٠				

.\$.50

Youngberry

The most promising berry of recent introduction. Makes a long, heavy vine that bears enormous crops of big, wine-colored berries.

Per	10 .	۰	٠			٠									٠		٠		٠		٠	\$.50)
-Per	100		٠			٠		٠	٠			٠	٠	٠	٠		٠			٠	٠	4	2.00)

Dewberries

Austin-Mayes. May. Large berries. Most popular
Dewberry ever introduced.
Per 10\$.50
Per 100 2.00
Prices to commercial growers on application.

Strawberries

Improved Klondike. An old, popular variety.
Berries are of good size and flavor.
Missionary. Rapidly supplanting the Klondike

in many commercial berry sections.

rer	100							٠	٠							٠			٠	٠			φı	. 0 0	
Per	250					٠		٠			٠							٠					2	.00	,
Per	500										٠												3	.50	,
Spe	cial	pri	ice	s c	ıu	o	te	d	t	0	c	01	n	ıΥ	ı€	er	c	ia	.1	r	12	ar	ite	ers.	
arcanl																								25	

Figs

Brown Turkey. Medium to large; yellowish brown fruit; thin skin.

Brunswick. Large; purplish-black; early bearer.

Celeste. Small greenish yellow fruit; firm and very sweet. One of the best in quality of fruit and hardiness of tree. June and July.

Green Ischia. Medium-sized, sweet fruits of good flavor, green outside and rosy red inside. A strong, vigorous grower. September to October.

Magnolia. Medium size fruit. Prolific bearer. If tops are frozen, new growths will come up which will bear fruit the same year. This is the Fig of South Texas used commercially for preserving. July to October.

Above 5 Figs—	Each	Per 10
1-2 ft., bare roots	. \$.35	\$3.00
2-3 ft., bare roots	40	3.50
3-4 ft., bare roots	50	4.50
4-5 ft., bare roots	60	5.00
Prices of larger sizes on app	olication.	

Grapes

Carman. Medium-sized black berries. Plant is resistant to diseases and pests.

Concord. Most popular of American Grapes. Blue-black fruit of medium size. Excellent for Grape-Jelly and Juice. July.

Moore Early. Vigorous vine. Large, black berries. Early.

Viagara. The foremost white Grape. Midseason, R. W. Munson. One of the newer black Grapes that is highly praised by many growers. Midseason.

GRAPES—continued

Scuppernong (Muscadine). A	white	Grape of
the Muscadine type.		
All of above Grapes—	Eac	h Per 10
1 yr., No. 1, bare roots	\$.:	35 \$3.00
2 yr., No. 1, bare roots		50 4.00
Prices on larger quantities	on a	pplication.

Loquat - Eriobotrya japonica See Under Broad-Leaved Evergreens

Apricots

Moorpark,	One of the	largest	varieties;	some
	it the best			
			Each	Per 10
4-5 ft.	N/B		\$.60	\$5.00

Jujube - Zyzyphus jujube

				improved		
large	pear-shap	ed fr	uit. 1	Propagated	from	eut-
tings.						

														Ea	101	. 1
6-8	ft.	N/B									۰			. \$1	.0	0

Peaches

Belle of Georgia. Best white peach for home and commercial planting, freestone, of splendid quality; very large and showy.

Best May. Freestone. This Peach colors up and ripens early. Large, prolific, and a good shipper.

Carman, Freestone. A large Peach with a red cheek.

Dwarf Japan Blood. Tree of dwarf habit, surest bearer of all the early peaches; fruit is large, pointed; red cheek and end, and sometimes blood-red flesh.

Elberta. A consistent bearer of large yellow fruit with a red cheek. Excellent for home and market.

Honey. Medium size. White flesh. Ripens mid-June.

Leona F. July 8; like Elberta in color and size, and better quality; large, yellow with red cheek; ripens earlier, and is immensely more prolific and regular in bearing; as this peach becomes known, it will entirely supplant Elberta.

Luettichau. A special fine market and table peach; large, greenish white, marked with red; flesh juicy, finely flavored, very excellent; ripens June 1; freestone; doing extra well in Texas.

Mayflower. Earliest of all Peaches. Mediumsized white fruit mottled with red.

Pallas. Medium size. White flesh. Ripens mid-June.

All al	ove	Peac	ches—		E	Cach	Per 10
4-5	ft.,	bare	roots	 		.50	\$4.50
5-6	ft.,	bare	roots	 		.75	7.00
6-7	ft.,	bare	roots	 		1.00	8.00

Pears

Garber. Vigorous grower. Medium-grade Pear. Fairly resistant to pear-blight and other diseases. August.

Kieffer. Large fruit, fine for preserving. Sep-

tember and October. Almost totally immune from pear-blight.

LeCoute. A vigorous and prolific tree, fairly resistant to pear-blight. Fruits large and of good quality. Midseason.

good quality. Midseason.

Pineapple Pear (Chinese Sand Pear). Blightresistant. Vigorous grower and prolific. Large
fruit of very good flavor.

Pecans

Schley. Regular bearer, very prolific, and a robust grower. Fine shade tree, as it grows round, dense, with large leaves. Nut is long, slightly elongated, fine flavor.

Chestnut. Known wherever pecans are planted as the largest of them all; nut long, very attractive.

Stuart. Large nut; plump kernel. Heavy bearer. One of the most widely planted.

Success. A good grower. Depend on it for heavy crops of large nuts. Regarded by many as the best for this section of Texas.

Texas Wonder. Claimed by its originator to be almost equal to the well-advertised Mahan Pecan in size and quality.

							Each
4-5 f	t., bare	roots	 	 			\$1.15
5-6 f	t., bare	roots	 	 			1.35
6-7 ft	t., bare	roots	 	 			1.65
7-8 f	t., bare	roots	 	 			-2.00
8-10	ft., bar	e roots.	 	 \$2.	50	to	3.00

Mahan and Texas wonder is 50% higher than other varieties.

Japanese Persimmons

Fuyu. Hardly astringent or puckery, Large, round, flattened fruit with firm meat. October to November.

Gailey. Suitable for pollenization purposes wherever other sorts can be grown. Inferior fruit.

Hachiya. Very large conical fruit of bright orange-red, with sweet, rich, mellow flesh; astringent until ripe, then very fine; one of the most beautiful fruits grown.

Tamopan. A very large fruit, flattened, often 5 inches in diameter, weighing over a pound and oddly marked by a crease completely around the stem end; deep golden red in color; ripens late.

Tane - Nashi. Seedless. Large, early ripening fruit. Very productive. One of the very best.

Yemon. Not so uniform and symmetrical in form but fruit is of good quality and almost seedless.

All above Persimmons—	Each
4-5 ft., bare roots	.\$.75
5-6 ft., bare roots	. 1.00
Prices of larger trees on application.	

Plums

Bruce. A large red Plum. Good bearer. Planted over wide territory and very popular. June.

Excelsior. Medium-sized, dark red Plum with reddish flesh of excellent flavor. Clingstone. June. This sure bearer never misses a crop.

Methley. June; earliest to ripen; small to medium in size; dark purplish-red in color, with red, juicy, sweet flesh; of excellent flavor and bears heavy crops.

Each 10-15 in., in gal. cans.....\$.75

Santa Rosa. A magnificent, dark red Plum. June.

Satsuma. July 10; large, smoky red; flesh red, superb flavor; pit is very small; very good bearer.

All above Plums—	Each	Per 10
4-5 ft., bare roots	\$.60	\$5.50
5-6 ft., bare roots	75	7.00
Prices of larger trees on ap	plication.	

Citrus Fruits

Grapefruit

Marsh Seedless. A seedless Grapefruit. A good bearer. Fine flavor and good quality. Extensively planted in the Rio Grande Valley.

		Each
2 1/2 - 3 ft.	В&В	 \$1.25
3-4 ft. B	&B	 2.00

Kumquat

Neiwa. Large, round fruit that are sweet when fully ripe. The hardiest Kumquat. Recently introduced by The Japanese Nursery Co.

Nagami. An oblong variety that is very prolific. The largest Kumquat. Rather acid or tart in flavor but fine for marmalade.

		Each
12-18 in. B&B with fruit\$	50 to	\$.85
1½-2 ft. B&B with fruit		1.00
2-2½ ft., B&B with fruit		1.50
2½-3 ft. B&B with fruit		2.00
3-4 ft. B&B with fruit 2.	50 to	3.00

Lemons

Meyer. A semi-dwarf Lemon introduced from China. Fruit is larger than the usual commercial varieties and of fine flavor. Hardy; a prolific bearer. Usually grown from cuttings, and if the top is frozen it comes again from the roots.

				Lach
2-3 f	t. B&B		 	\$1.00
4-5 f	t. B&B		 	2.50
5-6 f	t. B&B	• • • • • • • • • •	 \$3.50 t	0 - 5.00

Ponderosa. Fruit attains an enormous size, often weighing from 3 to 4 pounds. Tree is dwarf, quite hardy, and bears fruit immediately after planting.

							Each
18-24 in.	в&в	 	 		 	 	 .\$.75
24-30 in.	В&В	 	 		 	 	 . 1.00
5-6 ft. B	&B	 	 	 	 	 	 . 3.00

Oranges

Satsuma. One of the hardiest Oranges. Fruits flat, loose skinned, sweet and juicy. Superior to any Orange grown here.

Walnut

Black Walnut. Nut very large. Good bearer; fast grower. Makes a fine shade tree.

	Bach
6-8 ft., bare roots	.\$1.00
8-10 ft., bare roots	-1.50

Japan Walnut. Nuts oily and good quality. The tree is a slow grower, and while hardy in the South, it should be sheltered from cold winds.

									Each
3 - 4	ft.,	bare	roots.	 ٠,		 			 .\$1,00

Palms, Bamboos, Grasses and Yuccas

Bamboos - Bambusa

Ningala Bamboo (Bambusa falcata). H. 10'. Graceful in general appearance. Fern-like leaves. Makes fine hedge.

Golden Variegated Bamboo (B. aurea variegata). H. 20'. Has golden stripes running longitudinally along with green stripes on the internodes, giving a very ornate effect. Rather tall cane, 3/4 to 1 inch thick.

Golden Bamboo (B. aurea). H. 20'. So called on account of its stems being yellowish instead of green, like other varieties. Has very short nodes at the base of the culms. Grows 20 feet and may be used for fishing-poles, walking-canes, etc.

Black Bamboo (B. nigra), H. 10'. Stems are black; grows 8 to 10 feet. Quite ornamental on account of the odd color of its stems.

"Metake" Bamboo (B. japonica). Sometimes called Arrow Bamboo on account of its straight and smooth stems, used for arrows. Leaves are long and wide. May be used as a tub plant.

All above Bamboos—

II	above	Bambe	oos				Each
6-	9 in. 6	elump,	В&В.	 	 	 	 .\$1.00
9-	·12 in.	clump	B&B	 • •	 	 	 . 1.50

Striped Giant Reed (Arundo donax variegata). H. 12'. A striped variety of Giant Reed.

													\mathbf{E}_{i}	aeh	
Small	division						٠						\$.25	
Large	division					٠								.50	

Pampas Grass - Cortaderia

Silver Pampas Grass (Cortaderia argentea). H. 8'. This is the silver-plumed variety. All Pampas Grass varieties listed here bear great silky plumes which can be cut and dried for decorative purposes.

Pink-Plume Pampas Grass, H. 8'. Similar to the Silver Pampas Grass but plumes have a pink-

Above Pampas Gras	sses—	Each
Small division, 4	in	.\$.50
Medium division,	6 in	75
Large division, 9	in	1.00

Purple-Plume Pampas Grass. Similar to the Silver Pampas Grass but grows a little smaller and plumes are more fluffy, with a delicate purplish hue.

															Eacl	h
6	in.	divisions.			۰		 ۰	٠		۰	٠	٠	٠		.\$1.0	0

Miscanthus - Eulalia

Zebra Grass (Eulalia japonica zebrina stricta). H. 6'. A medium-tall grass witherect, slender plumes. Leaves have lateral stripes, giving the grass an odd appearance.

]	Each
Small divisions		\$.25
Clumps		.50

Pennisetum

Miscellaneous Plants

Bananas. T. 10. A rapid-growing, large-foliaged plant that is very decorative. Requires moist ground and an abundance of plant-food.

													L	a	CH	
Medium	suckers	S						٠					 . \$		75	;
Large su	ckers													1.	0.0	•

Dragon's-Beard (Ophiopogon japonicus). H. ½'. A very low, grass-like plant that can be used for a border. Leaves dark green. Spikes of purple flowers.

	Each	Per 100
Small divisions	 \$.10	\$5.00

Palms

Canary Date Palm (Phoenix canariensis). SH. 20'. One of the most popular pinnate-leaved Palms in the coastal region.

$1\frac{1}{2} - 2$	ft.	В&В											\$1.25
2-21/2	ft.	В&В											1.50
2 1/2 - 3	ft.	В&В											2.00
3-3 1/2	ft.	В&В											3.00
3 1/2 - 4	ft.	В&В											3.50
Prices	of	larger	S	pe	cir	ne	n	on	;	ap	pl	iea	ation.
~~													

Chinese Fan Palm (Livistonia chinensis). SH. 6'. A dwarf Fan Palm, widely but incorrectly known as Latania borbonica.

	Each	Per 10
15-18 in. B&B	\$1.50	\$12.50
18-24 in. B&B	2.00	
24-30 in. B&B	2.50	
Drigge of plants in tube on	annlianti	033

Pindo Palm (Cocos australis), H. 15. A pinnateleaved Palm with leaf-stems sharply recurved and having a bluish color. Bears delicious fruits. Quite hardy. Makes a fine tub-plant.

				Each
18-24 i	n. B&B.	 		\$1.75
2-2½ f	t. B&B.	 		2.25
2 ½ - 3 f	t. B&B.	 		2.75
3-3½ f	t. B&B.	 		3.50
3½-4 f	t. B&B.	 		4.50
4-5 ft.	В&В	 	. \$6.00	to 7.50

Blackburn Palmetto (Sabal blackburniana). H. 25'. The hardiest of all Fan Palms; stands 5 to 10 degrees above zero. One of the best Palms that we recommend for seashore planting, as it will resist strong wind much better than wide-spreading sorts. This Palm can be used in any style of landscaping where an effect of grandeur is needed.

15:	
3-4 ft. B&B\$ 2	2.25
4-5 ft. B&B 3	3.50
5-6 ft. B&B §	6.00
6-7 ft. B&B 7	7.00
7-8 ft. B&B\$ 9.00 to 10	0.00
8-10 ft. B&B 12.00 to 15	6.00
ndmill Dalm (Dusalmas and a co	,

Windmill Palm (Trachycarpus excelsa; Chamaerops excelsa). H. 15'. A palmate - leaved Palm of rather slow growth.

18-24 in.	В&В	 		. \$2.00
$2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	В&В	 	• • • • • • • •	. 2.50
	В&В			
3-3½ ft.	В&В	 		4.00
	В&В			
	3&B			

Hair Palm (Chamaerops humilis). SH. 6'. The short trunk is soon hidden in a mass of bushy suckers. Makes beautiful tub-plant. Resembles Windmill Palm.

		Each	
$1\frac{1}{2} - 2$	ft.	B&B\$3.00	
		B&B 3.50	
2 ½ -3	ft.	B&B 4.00	

California Fan Palm (Washingtonia filifera). H. 30'. Hardier than the Mexican Fan Palm. Grows very tall, its large fan leaves crowning a stragiht, smooth trunk.

Mexican Fan Palm (W. robusta), SH. 30'. Similar to above but grows taller and is somewhat slenderer, although not so hardy. Leaves dark green, shiny.

Above 2 Fan Palms—	Each
2-2½ ft. B&B	.\$2.00
2½-3 ft. B&B	2.75
3-3½ ft. B&B	. 3.50
3½-4 ft. B&B	. 4.25
4-5 ft. B&B	5.50
Prices of larger specimen on applicat	ion.

House Palms

Areca lutescens. A fine house Palm with graceful, arching, dark green leaves and yellow stems.

Sago Palm (Cycas revoluta). SH, 8'. A Palm-like plant prized for its fronds which are beautiful. This is also a fine outdoor Palm where the temperature does not go down below 20 degrees.

											La	311
Ę	5	in.	pot	 		 			 		.\$1.	50
- ()	in.	pot	 	 	 			 		. 2.	25
			of									

Yuccas and Related Plants

Century Plant (Agave americana). SH. 6'. Plant with thick, sword-like leaves. Blooms in six to twelve years when in cultivation.

							\mathbf{E}_{i}	acl	1
4-6 in	. pot			\$.25	to	\$.75	į
Large	specimen	plants	on	appli	cati	on.			

Variegated Century Plant, SH. 6'. Same as the above, except that it has smaller leaves with vellow markings.

												Each
4 - 6	in.	pot	 		•	•	•	 ٠	•	\$.50	to	\$1.00

Sawtooth Sotal (Dasylirion serratifolium). H. 4'. An odd-looking plant with harsh spines along the edges of the leaves. Has yucca-like flower stalks. Thrives best on high and dry situations.

		Each	
$2 - 2 \frac{1}{2}$	ft.	B&B\$1.25	
2 ½ -3	ft.	B&B 1.50	

Spanish Bayonet (Y. treculeana). H. 12'. Valued for its immense spikes of large, glossy flowers. This variety has extremely long, stiff bayonet leaves. Very ornamental.

Each\$1.50 to \$7.50 Sizes and descriptions upon application.

YUCCAS AND RELATED PLANTS—continued

Spanish Dagger (Y. aloifolia). H. 12'. Similar	
to above, but leaves are shorter and stiffer.	
Each\$.75 to \$5.00	
Sizes and description on application.	

Striped Spanish Dagger. H. 10'.	Like th	e above
but leaves have longitudinal	yellow	stripes.
Each	\$1.00	to \$5.00

Red Yucca (Hesperaloe parviflora). H. 8'. Flow-	
ers are rosy red and arranged in Yucca-like	
spikes. Should lend variety to a Spanish-type	9
garden.	

														T	ua	rCı	L
		в/в.															
3	yr.	B/B.	 				٠	٠.		٠	۰	٠	 •	 ٠	1	.0	0

Vines

Japanese	Creeper	or Bo	ston	Ivy (An	pelopsis
fricuspi	data: A. v	veitchi). H.	A gracef	ul, close
climber	suitable	for o	coverii	ng walls.	Bright
green le	eaves, cha	inging	to a	brilliant	tone of
orange	and scarl	et in	autum	ın, Decia	uous.

Virginia Creeper (A. quinquefolia). H. Compound leaves with five leaflets. Also highly colored in the fall like the above.

Above	2 Ampelop	sis	Ea	ach
Qt.	containers		\$.35

Antigonon leptopus (Rosa de Montana). A beautiful perennial climber with tuberous roots. Bears rosy pink blossoms in profusion from June to frost. Very satisfactory. Known as Coral Vine, Queens Wreath, and other local names.

		Each	Per 10
2 yr., N/E	3	\$.25	\$2.00
3 yr., N/E	3		3.00

White-flowering Antigonon (A. leptopus albus).
A very rare variety with pure white flowers.
Similar to above in other respect.

1 yr., 2½ in. pots.....\$.50

Chinese Trumpet Creeper (Bignonia grandiflora).
H. Large-flowering bush type of Trumpet
Vine. Has very large orange-yellow flowers in
great profusion in late spring and summer.
Each

Catclaw Trumpet (B. unguis-cati). H. The flowers of this variety are a clear yellow, no red or orange showing. Hardy against heat and cold.

Each 3 yr. from field......\$1.00

2 yr. grafted, B&B.....\$1.50

Painted Trumpet (B. speciosa; B. violacea). H. A hardy evergreen vine with dark green, glossy leaves and clusters of large, purple, trumpet-shaped flowers from spring to summer.

2 yr. from field.......\$1.25

Trumpet Creeper (B. radicans). H. Useful for covering unsightly places, such as stumps, rock-piles, etc. Dark red, trumpet-like flowers with orange throats.

Each\$.35

Clematis

Sweet Autumn Clematis (Clematis paniculata). Climber of medium height. Small white flowers in fall.

In qt. containers and field grown B&B, each\$.50 to 1.00 Other Large-flowering Varieties:

Bougainvillea

Crimson Lake Bougainvillea. TT. A tender evergreen vine which may be grown in pot or tub by pruning. Large clusters of rosy red, paperlike flowers. In Florida and southern Texas all Bougainvilleas make gorgeous outdoor climbers. Farther north they make excellent greenhouse subjects or pot-plants for conservatory.

Japanese Paper Flower (Bougainvillea glabra sanderiana). Very bright magenta - purple flowers. A little hardier than the above, blooms a little more freely and has smaller leaves. Used extensively in Galveston and other seaside places instead of climbing roses for covering verandas, etc.

Great Bougainvillea (B. spectabilis; B. brasiliensis). Vines very stout. Leaves larger and thicker than the above. Flowers or bracts are larger and of purplish deep rose.

Tangerine Bongainvillea. This is very recent introduction. Flowers are bronze yellow. A good bloomer. We can furnish it only in the first 3 sizes quoted below.

Price of above 4 varieties—	Each
3 in. pot	\$.25
4 in. pot	.50
5 in. pot	1.00
10 in. pot\$2.50 t	o 4.00
12 in. pot 4.00 t	o 5.00

Clerodendron Thomsonae (C balfouri). Tall, twining evergreen house-plant that is very popular. Blooms profusely on the young wood. Flowers white with red centers.

			Each
Gal.	containers	 	.\$.60
	pot		

Climbing Fig (Ficus repens). SH. Small-leaved, close-clinging plant, suitable for covering walls in the warmer sections and for covering inner walls of conservatories and greenhouses in the North.

													$-\mathbf{E}$ a	ach	
3	in.	pots	 							٠			. \$.30	
		pots												.50	

Honeysuckle - Lonicera

Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle (L. japonica halliana). H. Grows under most adverse conditions, giving an abundance of fragrant flowers.

Trumpet Honeysuckle, Woodbine, Red Honeysuckle, Coral Honeysuckle (L. sempervirens).
H. An everblooming variety with attractive coral-red flowers.

Above 2 Honeysuckles—	Each
B/R	.\$.35
Large clump, B&B	. 1.00

HONEYSUCKLE - LONICERA continued

Continued
Yellow Japanese Honeysuckle (L. japonica aureo-reticulata). Leaves are yellow variegat- ed. Flowers are white and very fragrant. Each
Field grown, B&B
Hoya carnosa (Wax Plant). Slow-growing vine for shade, with thick, shiny leaves and exquisite clusters of wax-pink flowers, especially fragrant at night. Each 3 in. pot
('aroline Jessamine (Gelsemium sempervirens). H. A twining evergreen vine that bears fragrant flowers in early spring.
Each
Field grown, B&B\$1.00
12-15 in. B&B
3-3½ ft. B&B 1.75
3½-4 ft. B&B 2.25
12-15 in. N/B
English Ivy (Hedera helix). HH. An evergreen
vine for covering stone or brick walls, cling-
ing to them very closely. A fine ground-
covering under trees where few plants suc-
ceed. In two varieties, Common and Dwarf.
Each
3 in. pot\$.15
4 in. pot
Confederate Jasmine (Trachelospermum jasminoides; Malay of African Jasmine). An ever-
green vine with medium-sized glossy leaves
bearing fragrant, star-shaped flowers in
spring. Each
Field grown, B&B\$1.00 to \$2.00
Yellow Confederate Jasmine. Yellow flowers.
10-12 in. B&B\$.75 12-15 in. B&B1.00
Dwarf Confederate Jasmine (T. divaricatum). A new dwarf form of the above with smaller leaves and very slender vine, but much hardier. Makes a wonderful ground-cover. Small clump, each
sinan divisions for ground cover,

Vinca

Bigleaf	Periwink	le (Vinca	major).	A trailing
vine	used for	ground-co	ver, urn	s, window-
boxes	, hanging	baskets,	etc.	
36 113 3	773 1 1 1	1 (77		

Mottled Pe	riwinkl	le	(V.	major	va	riegata	ı). A
variegated used.	l form	of	the	above	but	much	more

Above 2 Periwinkles—	Each	Per 10
3 in. pots	\$.15	\$1.25

Common Pe	eriwinkle (V.	minor; T	railing	Myr-
tle). Best	hardy everg	green for	covering	g the
ground in	deep shade,	especially	under	trees
in cemete	ries.			

21/2 in. pots	s, per	doz				٠				.\$1.0	0
Field grown	ı, per	100.								. 6.0	0

Wisteria

Formosa Wisteria or Japanese Millettia (Millettia japonica). H. An evergreen variety, with dark green foliage. Bears large panicles of dark purple flowers throughout the summer when Chinese varieties bloom very little, if any.

224011
3 yr., B&B\$1.25
4 yr., B&B 1.75
4 yr., heavy, B&B 2.25
Prices of large specimen on application.

Chinese Wisteria (W. sinensis). H. Well known variety producing clusters of bluish purple flowers which literally cover the entire vine before leaves appear in spring.

White Chinese Wisteria (W. sinensis alba). Same as the above, but with white flowers. Honey-sweet fragrance.

Above 2 Wisterias—	Each
2 yr. blooming size, bare roots.	
3 yr. blooming size, bare roots.	1.50
Large specimen plants,	
in purple only\$2	2.50 to \$5.00

Purple Wisteria in Standard Form.

								Lach
3-8	ft.,	В&В,	or	in	tubs	.\$2.75	to	\$10.00

Miscellaneous House and Greenhouse Plants and Bulbs

and most gorgeous lillies.			
Each 2 yr. bulbs			
Fancyleaf Caladium. Large, beautifully colored leaves which give a tropical effect. Needs abundance of water.			
Each Per 10 Medium-sized bulbs \$.25 \$ \$2.00			
Single Day-Lily (Hemerocallis). Rich gold color, striped inside. Lasts forever. Each			
Double Day-Lily. Double orange and gold Lily. Each			

Amaryllis Hybrids, Mixed, One of the earliest

"Milk and Wine" Lily (Crinum fimbriatulum). Each
Mexican Tuberose. Tall, stiff spikes of single white flowers. Blooms from June until frost. Each
Turk's Cap (Malvaviscus grandiflorus). Flowers are large and showy. A constant bloomer. Each B&B
Allamanda hendersoni. Semi-climbing, free-flow-ering, vigorous plant excellent for the green-house. Leaves large and thick. Flowers orange-yellow, fragrant.
Gal. containers\$1.00

MISCELLANEOUS HOUSE AND GREENHOUSE PLANTS AND BULBS—continued

Reseda odorata (Mignonette). Much grown for its strong and agreeable odor. It is a woody herb about 3-4 ft. high. Grows outdoors in	Cuphea hyssopifolia. Shrubby, bushy plant with a profusion of pale lavender flowers.
warmer climates. Qt. containers\$.50	Cuplica lanceolata. Plants 3 to 4 feet high. Flowers reddish yellow. A good showy border plant.
Gal. containers	Above Cupheas—
Aralia balfouriana. Upright-growing plant with	Each
leaves blotched with white at margins. Makes a fine house-plant.	2½ in. pots\$.25 Qt. containers
4 in. pot or qt. container\$.50 5 in. pot	Peperomia obtusifolia (Baby Rubber Plant). A. popular indoor plant. Compact, with leathery dark green leaves.
Asparagus plumosus nanus. Called Asparagus	Each
Fern.	3 in. pots\$.35
A. sprengeri. Used as decorative pot-plant, in window boxes, hanging-baskets, etc.	4 in. pots
	growth, habit, and cultural requirement as
Above 2 Asparagus— Each	Pothos. Dark green, heart-shaped leaves.
3 in. pots \$.15	Each
4 in. pots	3 in. pots\$.25
5 in. pots	4 in. pots
Larger sizes\$1.00 to 1.50	4 in. pots
Aspidistra lurida. Most satisfactory house plant. Large dark green leaves. Stands dry air better than any other house-plant. Often	Pothos aureus (Devil's Ivy). Almost identical with the Philodendron except that the leaves are blotched with pale yellow.
called "Iron Plant."	Each
Each	3 in. pots\$.25
	4 in. pots
4 in. pot\$.75 5 in. pot	
9 III. pot	Pothos aureus wilcoxi (Golden Ceylon Creeper).
Beloperone guttata (Corsican Shrimp Plant). An attractive flowering plant suitable for pot- culture. Flowers resemble a shrimp in shape.	This is an improvement over the above. The leaves are beautifully variegated with golden markings.
Does well outdoors during summer.	3 in. pot\$.35
Each	4 in. pot
2½ in. pots\$.25	
4 in. pots	Saintpaulia (African Violet). Satisfactory as a pot plant and in window-boxes. Deep violet flowers. Leaves are thick and woolly.
Christmas Cactus (Zygocactus truncatus). Sometimes called "Crab Cactus." Has beautiful	Each
pink flowers about Christmas time. Grafted on strong variety.	3 in. pots, with flower-buds\$.50
Each	Sansevieria zeylanica. Leaves sword-shaped, va-
3 m. pot, grafted\$.50 4 in. Pot, grafted	riegated with grayish white. This is better adapted as a house-plant than others we know except perhaps the aspidistra. Each
Coleus. These plants have gaudy colored leaves	4 in. pots\$.35
in many different shades of red, yellow, pink, etc. Christmas Bell and Hollywood are two	5 in. pots
famous named varieties. 3 in. pots, each\$.20 Per doz	Sansevieria laurenti. Same as the above except for yellow bands along the leaf-margins. Each
	4 in. pots \$.50
('otton Lavender (Santolina chamaecyparissus). SH. 2'. A low border plant with light gray, aromatic foliage.	5 in. pots\$.75 to 1.00 Prices of larger sizes of both varieties on application. Have beautiful specimen in urns
4-6 in., from pots, for 10\$.75	up to 14 in.
Per 100 6.00 10-12 in. spread, field grown, each 50	Transvaal Daisies (Gerbera). Magnificent South African Daisy. One of the best low bedding
Crotons. Shrub-like plant with foliage of many different shades. A most beautiful house and	plants and equally good for cut-flowers. Each
greenhouse plant.	2 yr. from field\$.50
Each	
3 in. pots\$.25 to \$.50 4 in. pots	For Ferns, Begonias, all Bedding Plants, such
	as Pansies, Calendulas, Petunias, please ask for special price according to season of plants.

special price according to season of plants.

Roses

Bush Roses

- Ami Quinard. Semi-double flowers of deep crimson-maroon with blackish shadings. One of the darkest red roses.
- **Briarcliff.** A fine cutting Rose of excellent form, brilliant rose-pink in color; fragrant and long-lasting.
- Caledonia. One of the best white Roses. Large, double blooms of fine form on good plants.
- Columbia. Standard pink variety which is fine for cutting. Long stems and few thorns.
- Condesa de Sastago. The most spectacular of the bi-colored Roses—burning copper on the inside of the petals and rich yellow reverse. Sturdy plants @ \$1.25.
- Dainty Bess. Considered the loveliest of all singles, with informal peach-pink flowers, tinged old-rose on the reverse, and lovely coral stamens @ 50c.
- Dame Edith Helen. Large, very double Rose of perfect form. A favorite for exhibition.
- Edith Nellie Perkins. An extra-good garden Rose with shapely two-toned pink flowers.
- Editor McFarland. The finest dark pink Rose, perfect in form and always in bloom. Fine plants @ 40c.
- E. G. Hill. One of the favorite red Roses. Large, double, fragrant flowers on a good garden plant.
- Etoile de Hollande. The world's finest red Rose, large, shapely, of velvety crimson, with wonderful fragrance.
- Golden Dawn. A large, double, pale yellow Rose on a low, branching plant with extra-good foliage @ 40c.
- Golden Ophelia. Nicely formed flowers of light golden yellow on plants of medium growth. A fine cut-flower.
- Hadley. Superb rich crimson-red flower. Blooms best in early summer and again in early fall.
- Kaiserin Auguste Viktoria. The most perfect of all white Roses, fully double and fragrant.
- Killarney, Double White. A double form of the fragrant old Killarney. One of the sweetest roses ever grown.
- Lady Hillingdon. A hardy Tea Rose with lovely deep saffron-yellow flowers; Tea fragrance.
- Luxembourg. This Rose is a favorite in the South. Rich golden yellow, shading to copper at the center.
- Mrs. Charles Bell. The salmon Radiance, with Radiance-shaped flowers of an exquisite pale salmon. A Rose that anybody can grow.
- Mrs. Pierre S. du Pont. The most free-blooming of all yellow Roses. Double, rich golden yellow flowers @ 40c.
- President Herbert Hoover. One of the tallest-growing Hybrid Teas, producing its multi-colored blooms on 2 ft. stems. Among the best garden Roses.
- Radiance. The world's standard pink Rose. Strong, healthy plants that anyone can grow. Fragrant, two-toned pink flowers.

ŵ

- Red Radiance. A sport of Radiance with the fine radiance plant and large, cupped, deep rose-red flowers.
- Rouge Mallerin. New red Rose of quite perfect form, double, rich glowing scarlet, the petals having a soft, silky velvet look; old damask fragrance. @ 75c each.
- Talisman. Popular both in the garden and under glass. Large, double, two-toned flowers of brilliant scarlet, orange, and yellow.
- Texas Centennial. Vermilion-red blooms on a tall, free-blooming plant. One of the finest of the new roses. Patented. 60c each; \$1.50 for 3; \$6.00 per dozen.
- White Maman Cochet. T. A white sport of the favorite old Tea Rose, Maman Cochet.

Climbers

- Cl. Dainty Bess. A climbing sport of the popular Dainty Bess with flowers like its parent. @ 60c.
- Cl. Kaiserin Auguste Viktoria. Reliable bloomer, producing same finely formed flowers as the dwarf variety. Pure white with touch of lemon in center.
- Cl. Red Radiance. Splendid Red Radiance flowers are produced on this vigorous plant, but it needs at least two seasons to become established. Thoroughly dependable.
- Cl. Texas Centennial. A climbing sport of this finest of red Roses with flowers exactly like Texas Centennial. @ \$1.00 each.
- Marechal Niel. The favorite climbing Rose of the South. Wonderfully fragrant, double flowers of rich golden yellow. It must be protected from frost and severe weather.
- Mermaid. A hybrid climber of Rosa bracteata parentage. Needs protection where the thermometer goes near zero. Large, single flowers of ivory-white, with a lemon center. Do not prune. @ 50c each.

Polyantha Roses

- Cecile Brunner. The Little Sweetheart Rose. Perfectly formed little Roses of light pink, touched with yellow.
- Ellen Poulsen. Quite large, clear rose-pink flowers on a plant of medium growth.
- Gloria Mundi. Great clusters of glowing orangescarlet, semi-double flowers on a mediumsized plant.
- Lafayette. Large, semi-double flowers of light cherry-red. Medium growth.
- Miss Edith Cavell. Semi-double flowers of brilliant, unfading scarlet-red. Medium growth.
- Triumph de Orleans. Bright cherry red. Semidouble; slightly fragrant; excellent hedge rose. Very vigorous.
 - Price of Roses—35c each, \$3.50 per dozen, except where noted. These prices do not include planting nor guaranteeing.

General Cultural Information

PLANTING AND PRUNING

If the customer cannot plant the trees immediately after they are received, he should unpack them and set them in a trench, throwing earth over their roots and wetting them thoroughly. If trees are frozen when received, set them in a trench and cover entirely with earth until the weather is warmer.

The ground should be thoroughly plowed or otherwise cultivated before the plants are received. Make holes for planting about 1 to 2 feet deep and about 2 feet or more in diameter, unless otherwise specified.

In general, fruit trees should be planted about the same depth that they set when in the nursery. Throw in loose soil until the roots are covered, and pour in water until the hole will hold no more. Fill up the remainder of the hole with soil, mounding it well up the stem of the tree. Do not pack the soil hard. The tops of the trees should be cut off about 12 to 24 inches from the ground, depending on the size of the tree. For two-year-old trees, cut above three or four of the branches and cut the branches 3 to 4 inches from the body of the tree.

Pruning trees severely almost insures their life and makes a low, robust, healthy specimen that shades its own body. Any bruised or injured limbs should, of course, be trimmed off.

Cut off all suckers 6 to 12 inches from the ground. After the first year, all weaker branches should be cut out. For pears and plums, trim the longer branches back half-way about January or February. All branches removed should be cut or sawed off close to the body of the tree.

Cultivation of the trees is another necessary item, especially during the first few years. The ground should be worked with plow and hoe often until the tree is four or five years old, and somewhat less frequently afterward.

It is assumed that the customer will not make a horse-lot, cow-pasture, etc., out of his orchard. If rabbits are injuring the young trees, newspapers, cornstalks, or straw tied around the base of the tree will prevent this.

Although we have given instructions how to keep trees that cannot be planted immediately, we advise that they be planted as soon as possible where they are to stand. Customers should try to follow these instructions as carefully as possible, and if any of these details are not clear, we are always glad to furnish additional information upon inquiry.

PRUNING FLOWERING SHRUBS

Flowering shrubs should be cut back half-way or more before planting, also to some extent each winter. To make the plants bloom more freely and for a longer season, it is advisable to cut the flowers off as soon as they are past their best, so that seeds are not allowed to form.

HOW TO WATER TREES AND SHRUBS

When planting, fill the hole nearly full of earth, pour in water until it stands for a moment, then, while the water is standing, shake the tree, to settle the mud around the roots. Dry soil may then be shoveled in until a mound has been made. This mound should not be packed.

For pecan trees, large evergreens, and for trees of any kind that are dry, the mound should be about 1 foot up the stem of the trees.

No matter when trees have been planted, they should never be watered by merely pouring the water on the top of the ground. This practice is sure death to roses, especially. A shallow hole should be dug near the tree or shrub and this should be filled with water; after the water has been soaked up, cover the hole with dry soil. Do not pack this soil. Another satisfactory method is to make a trench around the tree, fill the trench with water, then rake loose, dry soil over the wet earth when the water has been soaked in.

In dry weather, trees should be well watered about once a week, so that the water will reach the roots. Merely sprinkling the trees, as one would a lawn, is of no avail.

TO PROTECT TREES FROM FROST

It is seldom necessary to protect trees for more than three nights, and then only sufficiently to raise the temperature from 2 to 5 degrees.

For large orchards, smudge-pots burning crude oil are satisfactory; for smaller orchards, burning brush, or anything to get a good cloud of smoke, will serve; for trees in the yard, spraying the trees with water about dark, when frost threatens, is a good method. The freezing of the water on the limbs of the trees protects them from the cold.

POLLINATION

One may greatly increase the yield of fruits and berries by helping the plant to become pollinized. Several stands of bees near the fruit trees or berry plants will accomplish this satisfactorily.

TO CONTROL ROOT-ROT

Root-rot is caused by a fungus which cannot live through the winter where there are no roots of live plants susceptible to it. Pear trees are most affected by it, while peach and plum are immune. Morning-glory vines and certain weeds that live through the winter will carry the fungus and cause it to multiply. The best remedy is to plant trees and crops that are not susceptible to the root-rot fungus and to give late summer and fall cultivation, so that no fungus will be carried through the winter. In one or two years' time, root-rot should be reduced considerably.

EXCESS OF LIME IN SOIL

The first effects of root-rot and excess lime in the soil are much the same. However, in the case of root-rot, the tree will eventually die, whereas in the case of lime, it does not die so quickly. Root-rot causes the bark of the roots to peel off easily, but quite the contrary is true in the case of lime. To overcome the condition of excess lime, use 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of Iron Sulphate around an orchard tree, well worked into the soil so as to reach the ends of the roots.

FERTILIZERS

Many soils require fertilizers, and all will be benefited by its application. Although there are many excellent commercial fertilizers prepared, the best fertilizer of all is barnyard manure. However, only well-rotted manure should be used. In planting the trees, the fertilizer should be mixed with the soil that goes into the hole in the proportion of one part fertilizer to four parts of dirt.

Fertilizer may be applied every year or two and should be worked into the soil. As the tree grows apply fertilizer farther and farther from the main stem, so that it may reach the small feeding-roots which, in the case of shade and fruit trees, may be out 8 to 15 feet from the trunk of the tree.

FREE INFORMATION

We will be glad to furnish any information that we can upon inquiry. The A. and M. College, College Station, Texas, always has material available, and is ready to help in any way that it can.

INDEX

INDEX						
A Page	C	D				
Abbreviation 1	Camphor Tree 3	Desert Willow12				
Abelia 9	Cleyera Japonica 3	Dogwood12				
Acacia 9	Cotoneaster 3	Deutzia				
Althea	Cape Jasmine 4	Dewberries21 Dragon's-Beard24				
Agerita, see Mahonia 7	Crataegus 4 Cherry Laurel 6	Devil's Ivy27				
Arborvitaes	Callistmon10	10				
Albizzia20	Camellias	E Elagarnus 3				
Apricots	Caesalpinia	Elaeagnus 3 Eurya 3				
Ampelopsis25 Antignon25	Crape Myrtle	Eugenia 3				
Amaryllis26	Cockspur12	Euonymus				
Allamanda	Cape Honeysuckle12	Erythrina12				
Asparagus27	Chilopsis	Elm19				
Aspidistra27	Cornus12	Eulalia24				
n	Cydonia13	\mathbf{F}				
. B	Cercis	Feijoa 4				
Banana Shrub	Calycanthus	Firethorn				
Barbados Cherry10 Bottle-brush10	Cedrus16	Flowering Willow12				
Boxwood, Buxus11	Cypress	Flowering Almond12				
Buddleia	Cottonwood20	Forsythia				
Barberry11	Chamaecyparis18 Chionanthus19	Fagus19				
Berberis	Celtis	Fringe Tree				
Bauhinia	Cortaderia23	Fountain Grass 24				
Bush-Honeysuckle13	Catclaw Trumpet25 Clematis25	Ficus25				
Bush Clover	Clerodendron25	G				
Beech19	Climbing Fig25	Gardenia 4				
Blackberries21 Bamboos23	Carolina Jessamine26	Golden Poll				
Bananas24	Caladium26 Christmas Cactus27	Golden Bell				
Boston Ivy25	Coleus	Grapefruit23				
Bignonia	Crotons	Gelsemium				
Beloperone27	Cuphea27	Golden Ceylon Creeper27				

н	N	S Page
Hawthorn4, 8 Holly4	Nandina Page Nerium 8	Sweet Bay, see Magnolia 7 Sweet Olive
Hypericum	О	Sophora 8 Symphoricarpos12
Hydrangea	Oranges	Senisa
Honeysuckle	Osmanthus 7 Oleander 8 Oak 20	Sage
Hedra Helix26	P	Silk Tree
Ilex 4 Ilex integra 4	Pineapple Guava 4 See Feijoa	Sycamore
Ilex Vomitoria 4 Ivy 26	Pyracantha, see Firethorn 4 Privet, see Ligustrum 6	Salix
J	Plum	Shrimp Plant
Jasmine, Jasminum5, 26 Night Blooming Jasmine.14	Photinia 8 Pittosporum 8	Sansevieria27
Day Blooming Jasmine14 Junipers16-18	Plumbago	Т
Jujube22	Peach, Flowering12 Plum, Flowering13	Tecomaria
K Kerria	Parkinsonia	Thunbergia
Kumquat23	Poinciana	Tulip Tree
Laurel, Laurus 6	Pine, Pinus	Trachelospermum26 Tuberose26
Ligustrum 6 Loquat	Poplar, Populus20 Platanus20	Turk's Cap26 Transvaal Daisy27
Lagerstromia11 Lonicera13	Peaches	\mathbf{U}
Lantana	Persimmons	Ulmus
Leucophyllum	Pampas Grass23 Pennisetum24	
Lemons	Palms .24 Periwinkle .26 Peperomia .27	Viburnum9
Lilies	Philodendron	Vitex
Mamulia 7 11	Q	W
Magnolia	Quince, Flowering13 Quercus20	Wild Peach 6 See Cherry Laurel
Mountain Laurel 8 Michelia10	R	Weigela
Malphighia	Red-Haw	Walnut23 Wax Plant26
Mimosa	Rosemary 8 Rubber Tree 8	Wisteria26
Melia	Rose of Sharon 9 Redbud14, 15	Y Yaupon 5
Millettia	Retinospora	Yaupon

St. Augustine Grass

"Day or night, winter or summer, this grass is an ever-new delight."

At last! We have found a new and perfect lawn grass for the South. A revelation, a revolution in lawn making.

In shade or in the open. No more unsightly bare spots in lawns. The same uniformly soft, velvety, peagreen grass everywhere you want it . . . springy and luxuriant . . . fit for the feet of a Queen. You walk over it and do not feel the hard soil beneath.

"St. Augustine Grass has no equal as shade grass in Florida or the coastal plain of the Southern States. It grows equally well in the sun or shade. If given plenty of water and nitrogen fertilizer, it will grow under practically all conditions in this section. It is one of the best grasses available for shady places; but, since seed is not available, lawns are started vegetatively." (Farmer's Bulletin, U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, 1935 Pub.)

Winter or summer. The same peagreen lawn the year round. No more dead lawns in winter; no more expensive rye grass sowing each winter. No more will cunning old Jack Frost steal away the beauty of the luxuriant green of your lawns.

Fresh, lively plants. Fresh, lively plants, full of vigor, is important in successful quick growing lawns. This feature is too important to overlook, and we can furnish this at all times fresh from our own farms.

What we do. We renovate old lawns with this wonderful new grass, make lawns from the ground up, furnish well selected fertilizer and prepared loamy soil, or we will sell by the square yard or in bushel baskets, ready for you to plant according to directions we will supply.

Further information, prices, and estimate for new lawns, renovation of old lawns, and grass in bulk, are cheerfully furnished upon request.

Landscape Service

No home is complete until it is planted in a garden. Our climatic conditions in the South are most favorable for such a garden, since we have here a wealth of trees, shrubs, and flowers with which to make such a garden at a reasonable cost.

Many home-owners, however, are not familiar with the kinds of plants necessary to make a harmonious effect. It is easy enough to buy a few plants and put them in the ground, but the attaining of harmony in colors, and the ultimate sizes, adaptation to sun, shade, and temperatures, etc., must be carefully considered.

Our staff of qualified landscape architects is available to help you plan your garden. If you live within a few hours' drive, we recommend a personal visit to your property, for which we make a reasonable charge, including the cost of the trip, a complete plan, and a planting-list.

If interested, write or telephone us, or call us at our nearest Salesyard, either Houston or Galveston, or visit our Nursery at Genoa, where not only all the trees and plants listed in this Catalogue, but many others, are growing. Our salesmen will welcome you and show you our complete line of stock.

